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PORT. BOMBAY

Regd. No. B 1061

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

VOL. XXXVII BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 26, 1949
NO. 21 Price: 2 ANNAS

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'Kashmir Muslims Never Swayed By Religious Slogans'

SHEIKH ABDULLAH ON WHAT HE TOLD JINNAH

Plebiscite Will Favour Union With Secular State Of India, He Assures

Bombay, Tuesday. India was greatly to blame that the North West Frontier Province opted for Pakistan and that such a thing should not be allowed to happen with regard to Kashmir, was the view expressed by the Prime Minister of Kashmir, Sheikh Abdullah, at a meeting of the Progressive Group this evening.

KASHMIR WILL NOT REPEAT IT

Continuing the answer, he asked, why it was that a referendum was held only in the N.W.F.P. why also, while all the forces of the Muslim League and Imperial Britain were concentrated there, India did nothing for the Red Shirts and Badshah Khan at the critical juncture "If we have any common-sense we will not allow this to be repeated in Kashmir," he added.

POLITICAL BATTLE YET TO BE WON

The speaker said that while in the military sense the battle for the Kashmir Valley was over, politically, it had yet to be won. It was hard to say when exactly the plebiscite would be held. Fourteen months of bitter fighting had created, "not one knot, but hundreds," they all had to be unravelled. In certain areas the Hindus had been totally uprooted and conditions had to be restored for them to come back. Hundreds of thousands of persons uprooted in the struggle had to be brought back to Kashmir, from where they had fled. In addition to this, an atmosphere of perfect peace and freedom from fear had to be established. There must be no outside interference calculated to influence the decisions of the people.

"SLOGANS ARE MORE POTENT"

"Slogans," said Sheikh Abdullah, "are more potent, than logic". Pakistan would try to influence the voting by slogans which would appeal to simple and unthinking persons. It was necessary to give effective answers to dangerous and destructive slogans. Sheikh Abdullah said that after the U.N. had ordered "cease-fire", he had

Four-Nation Resolution On Indonesia

FULL TEXT ON PAGE 10

LESSON OF HISTORY

Sheikh Abdullah revealed that during his conversation with Mr. Jinnah, he had categorically told him that, religion could not act as a binding force among nations. This was the lesson of history and illustrations to this effect were to be found both in Islamic history as that of Christianity.

"We, in Kashmir, do not look at politics as Hindus, Muslims or as Sikhs, but for the good of the whole of our people," he said. They had a definite economic, social and political programme. Political liberation without economic liberation was "all moonshine". They did not favour vested interests. The people would support those who would support the programme, they had mapped out for themselves. "I have no doubt that the Kashmiris know, that India will give them this protection and a place of honour as well," he said.

Asked about a definite date when the plebiscite would be held, he said that it was difficult to do so. But, with patience and determination, in a peaceful atmosphere under the auspices of the U.N., a solution would be found, which was honourable to India, Pakistan and Kashmir. "Discussions may continue through the next summer," he said.

The speaker also gave a detailed and graphic sketch of the events which

(Continued on Page 7)

CITY JOURNALISTS' RECEPTION TO SHEIKH ABDULLAH



SHEIKH ABDULLAH THE PRIME MINISTER OF KASHMIR ADDRESSING THE MEMBERS OF THE BOMBAY UNION OF JOURNALISTS AT A RECEPTION GIVEN BY THEM ON TUESDAY MORNING.

'REDS' WITHIN FIVE MILES OF NANKING

Chinese Parliament Decides To Evacuate Capital

PRELIMINARIES COMPLETED FOR CEASE-FIRE ORDERS

NANKING, Jan. 25 (U.P.A.) A reliable source today said that advance units of Communist regular columns had rolled within five miles of Nanking, placing the Nationalist capital within Communist artillery range. He said that these units, of unknown strength had reached Huachiying, first rail town north of Pukow, the southern terminal opposite Nanking.

The Communists, driving to the Yangtse on a broad front, were reported massing two miles from the river for a crossing at Chinkiang, forty miles east of Nanking and a key point on the Nanking Shanghai railway. Government troops are hastily building sandbag emplacements and mounting guns.

EVACUATION OF CAPITAL

The Chinese Parliament (Legislative Yuan) decided today to evacuate Nanking on Saturday as retreating Government forces streamed across the Yangtse river in their "operation Dunkirk".

Reports from Peiping said General Tsi Yi, North China Government Commander, had signed a cease-fire agreement for Suiyuan Province.

They also stated that negotiations were under way for a local truce for General Yen Shi Shan's Shansi Province Capital of Taiyuan, which has been besieged for three months.

Acting President Li Tsung Jen's Personal Envoy said earlier that preliminaries for a Communist Government settlement were over and orders for a cease-fire would be issued as soon as peace negotiations started.

RED WILLINGNESS FOR PEACE TALKS

The Communists announced by radio today their willingness to start peace talks with the Government but not until the 'total liberation' of Peiping, North China city now under joint Communist Government control.

The radio said the talks would probably be held in Peiping, backing yesterday's reports about the negotiations, but objected to one of the five representatives chosen by the Government.

Evacuation from China of the joint United States Military Advisory Group which has been in progress since the Government military position became critical, is expected to be completed by Friday when last units will leave by sea for Japan, it was learned today.

The Foreign Ministry spokesman announced today that the Foreign Ministry had sent identical notes to all Embassies and Legations in Nanking notifying them of a Government decision to move "southwards". Reliable sources said that this meant Canton.

'STOP TREATING ASIA LIKE POOR RELATION'

Nehru Warns Western World

ECONOMIC MEASURES AGAINST DUTCH IF U. N. COUNCIL FAILS TO ACT

NEW DELHI, Jan. 24 (U.P.A.): India's Prime Minister Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru to-day warned the Western World that it must stop treating Asia like a poor relation.

In an exclusive interview with Stewart Hensley of the United Press of America, the Indian leader firstly expressed the belief that Asiatic nations should, if necessary, apply economic sanctions to force Dutch withdrawal from Indonesia if the Security Council fails to act.

Secondly, he suggested that in South East Asia Communism has lost ground during the last six months because of its headlong clash with nationalist movements.

Thirdly, he predicted the Communist victory in China, however, would become a very heavy factor in future Asiatic problems.

Fourthly, he warned that Asiatic nations would be playing a far bigger and more important role in all international affairs henceforth.

NOTICE TO U. N.

Pandit Nehru said a resurgent new Asia as shown by the recent conference here on Indonesia should be notice to the United Nations that the Far East no longer intends to be satisfied with a minor or secondary role in world affairs.

He discounted some extremist fears about Communism in South-East Asia without overlooking the problem. He said the Communist movement generally has lost ground in South-East Asia because it is unable to exploit existing economic ills there.

NEHRU LOOKS 15 YEARS OLDER THAN HE DID 3 YEARS AGO

Pandit Nehru showed the strain under which he has laboured during the opening months of Indian independence. He looked 15 years older than he did when interviewed by this correspondent on his release from prison three years ago. He admitted fatigue. He spoke in a low voice that was sometimes inaudible. But he still retained the graceful pose which has distinguished him throughout a turbulent career. He wore the usual buttonhole which he frequently pressed to his nose while he pondered his answers to my questions.

WEST MUST PAY MORE ATTENTION TO ASIA

His major criticism was of the West for not paying enough attention to (Continued on Page 7)

Soviet Reply To Marshall Plan

PRAGUE, Jan. 25 (U.P.A.): Russia and her Cominform Allies today announced the formation of an Eastern Bloc which will take the cold war against the West into the field of economics.

The new union, an open reply to the West's Marshall Plan, was announced in an identical official communiqué released in Moscow and the capitals of Poland, Czechoslovakia, Hungary, Rumania and Bulgaria.

It asserted that mutual economic action was forced on the East because of the alleged "boycott" by the Western Marshall Plan nations.

NEW EASTERN ECONOMIC COUNCIL

PRAGUE, Jan. 25 (Reuter): Complete secrecy was being maintained here about the circumstances in which Moscow meeting has decided to establish the New Eastern Economic Council.

Authorities refused to divulge when the meeting was held or who attended but promised a "communiqué" tomorrow.

INDIA'S LOAN FROM WORLD BANK

BOMBAY, Jan. 25 (A.P.I.): India's loan request to the world bank is for four specific purposes, namely, agriculture, Railways, Hydro-electric projects and irrigation, and shipping, and of these, plans in relation to agriculture and railways will be given priority, it was learnt here today.

A complete list of India's requirements from overseas by way of capital equipment will necessitate and round sum of about 750 million dollars. It is suggested, however, that 500 million dollars, if available, could be utilised at once for undertaking urgent projects.

AHMEDABAD CIVIC ADDRESS FOR NEHRU

(From Our Correspondent) ... AHMEDABAD, Jan. 24. The Ahmedabad Municipality at its special meeting held under the presidency of Mr. Manilal Chaturbhui Shah President, decided unanimously to present an address to Pandit Nehru India's Prime Minister (who is coming to Ahmedabad for the first time after India became free) on February 12. It was also resolved to unveil the bust of the late Vithalbhai Patel. A sum of Rs. 500 was sanctioned for presenting the address to Pandit Nehru. A committee was appointed to organise the function under the chairmanship of Mr. Manilal Shah.

By another resolution the Ahmedabad Municipality has requested the Government to sanction a loan of Rs. 10 lakhs for constructing middle class tenements.

JEWISH IMMIGRANTS ARRIVE IN

HAIFA, Jan. 25 (Reuter):— The 3,000 ton Jewish ship 'Gailla' steamed into Haifa today with 1,500 Jewish immigrants from Cyprus camps.

KLM FLIGHTS TO INDONESIA

THE HAGUE, Jan. 25 (Reuter): The Royal Dutch Airlines (KLM) announced today it would tomorrow resume its flights from Holland to Batavia, Indonesia. The first plane flying by way of Kharotum, Reunion Island and Padang, is expected to take about four and a half days to reach Batavia.

NORDIC DEFENCE TALKS FAIL?

STOCKHOLM, Jan. 25 (Reuter): Swedish parliamentary circles today considered that the Scandinavian defence talks in Copenhagen had failed, despite last night's placatory "communiqué", because the Swedes and Norwegians could not agree on the terms of an approach to the United States and Britain.

INDIAN MERCHANTS' CHAMBER ELECTION

Mr. S. M. Nanavaty's Thanks



Mr. Someshechandra Manilal Nanavaty, J.P., and Managing Director, National Art Silk Mills, Ltd., wishes to thank all the members of the Indian Merchants' Chamber for their kind support to his election to the Committee of the Chamber and assures them that he will wholeheartedly strive to safeguard the interests of the Chamber and its members and be worthy of the confidence reposed in him.



18. The Icecream Vendor

"Stop me and buy one", the icecream vendor has come to stay. The attraction of this dealer in cool comfort are irresistible. Even the Army Captain in the background who is watching with amused detachment, seems to envy the freedom of the two young clients who have attacked their ices with joyous abandon. He covers a lot of ground on his cycle-van and he keeps at it till his stock runs out. If his wares have suffered owing to food restrictions, it is hardly noticed by the boys who run at his call. It is cold and what more do you want? Ice covers a multitude of shortcomings.

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD

MINIMUM RS. 1/8/-

To be paid in advance

PERSONAL ADLETS
New on display the new Mor
ing "Minor" Saloon Car. French
Motor Car Co. Ltd., 9, 11, Hughes
Road, (N. Kemp's Corner), Bom-
bay. (3075)

MATRIMONIAL
A Muslim Doctor aged 35 years,
Practising in Bombay, monthly
income is Rs. 600/- Kadri Sayed
by caste wants to marry with a
respectable, healthy and hand-
some Muslim girl. Write stating
age, education native place, caste,
reference of the parents to Box
No. 210, "Bombay Chronicle".

Match for Rajput girl 21, Gujarathi
speaking. C/o Post Box 4014
Bombay-7. (184)

Wanted Vadamu Non-Naldrupa-
kasyapa Gothra Brother and sister
willing to go in for exchange
Malabar preferred. Apply Box
No. 211 "Bombay Chronicle".

Correspondence invited from respect-
able healthy well-placed Brah-
min youths for Graduate girls of
cultured views. Apply Box No.
191 "Bombay Chronicle".

SITUATIONS VACANT
Wanted fully qualified S.P.N.A.
Nurses for the L.W. Ashaktashram
Sheth Narandas Manohar Sons-
walla Hospital. Apply stating
terms, age, etc. to the Presi-
dent, L.W. Ashaktashram, Tan-
pura, Surat, before 10-2-1949. (3034)

Wanted for a local Fine Count
Mill one Costing Clerk con-
versant with detail Departmental
costings and Government Ceiling
price work. Persons with pre-
vious experience need apply
with copies of testimonials Box
No. 3073 "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted Clerks, Graduates, Doc-
tors, Typists and Engineers. For
Terms apply to Kapoor & Co.,
Employment Agents, Cloth Mar-
ket, Delhi. (157)

Wanted reliable and influential
gentlemen in all Districts, Talu-
kas and important villages of
Gujarat, Kathiawar and Maha-
rashtra to secure Life Insurance
Business. Good income could be
built up in spare time also. Ex-
perience not essential. Apply to
The "Wishwabharti Insurance Co.
Ltd., Noble Chambers, Parsee
Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay. Fire,
Marine and Accident Business also
transacted. (204)

Wanted an efficient Stenographer
with good command over English
language. Apply with copies of
testimonials to Box No. 5555
"Bombay Chronicle".

SITUATION WANTED
Available Ex-Police Officer Short-
hand Typist with G.D.A. knowl-
edge. Write Box No. 41, Amalner,
(Dist. E.K.). (138)

SOCIAL
"Social Circle" arranges friendly
contacts. Particulars 0-5-0 stamps.
Write Lady Secretary, Post Box
4014 Bombay 7. (183)

ACCOMMODATION AVAILABLE
Gentlemen requiring decent house
accommodation at Borivli may
consult occasionally. The Jewla
Palace, Borivli, Phone No. 84019.
(3074)

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS
Learn Homoeopathy, Chromopathy
Naturopathy, Bio-chemistry, Fr.
Miller's Electro-Homoeopathy, Fr.
Knie's water cure from St. Paul's
nature cure and Homoeopathy
College. Apply with 4 annas
stamps. Post Box No. 6475, Bombay
34. (212)

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE
Persons interested in exchanges
or sale of Urban property in Paki-
stan or India as a result of the par-
tition of the Punjab may corre-
spond with No. 3085, "Bombay
Chronicle". Purely labour of love
and service to afflicted persons.
No charges and no commitments.
For reply an addressed postal en-
velop may be sent. (3035)

PROPERTY FOR SALE
A Palatial Double Storey Bangla-
low recently furnished with ser-
vant quarters, water and electri-
city laid with Marble Chips floor
and big adjoining land for an
orchard. Income Rupees 2200/-
yearly. Price sixty thousand or
near. Offers invited M/s Khanna
Medical Store Solan (Simla Hills)
177

Properties for sale: mortgage ex-
change; many places. Properties
sought. T. Raychowdhury and
Co. Surveyors Allahabad I. (54)

MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS
Glass Experts and Furnace Build-
ers Best experienced European
and Indian Glass experts can be
supplied. Write to Prof. R. Chan-
ran, Benares Hindu University,
Benares. (111)

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE
Available Twist drills, Sandpapers
2, 1-1/2, 3, Belting Leather
Rubber, circular saw 20", Copper
Liners 96" x 18", D. C. Motor 10 H.P.
440 Volts, 1450 R.P.M. "Verity",
Bhutoria Bros. Ltd., 56, N. Subhas
Road, Calcutta. (111)

PUBLIC NOTICES

BOMBAY PORT TRUST
SEALED TENDERS are invited
by the Chief Engineer, Bombay
Port Trust, for the following for
the financial year 1949-50:-

- (1) Annual Petty Works on
Port Trust Estates for General
Works, Southern and Northern
Divisions.
- (2) Supply on hire of bullocks
and drivers without carts
for works in General
Works, Southern and Northern
Divisions.
- (3) Supply on hire of bullocks
with drivers for night soil
carts for General Works,
Southern and Northern Di-
visions.
- (4) Supply and delivery of ap-
proximately 3200 brass of
sand for General Works
and Railway.
- (5) Supply and delivery of
large size blue stone rubble
and crushed blue stone rubble
for Southern Division and Rs. 200/-
for Northern Division. (4) Rs. 750/-
(5) Rs. 1000/- and (6) Rs. 300/-
as earnest money by separate crossed
cheques which deposits will
be returned to the unsuccessful
tenders.

Conditions of Contracts, Specifi-
cations and Tender Forms for
the above can be obtained from
this Office on payment of Rs. 5/-
per set per contract.

No tender will be considered
which is not made in the pre-
scribed form or which is not accom-
panied by a deposit of (1) Rs. 400/-
for each Division, (2) Rs. 300/-
for each Division, (3) Rs. 300/-
for Southern Division and Rs. 200/-
for Northern Division, (4) Rs. 750/-
(5) Rs. 1000/- and (6) Rs. 300/-
as earnest money by separate crossed
cheques which deposits will
be returned to the unsuccessful
tenders.

Tenders will be received upto
1-00 p.m. (S.T.) on
(1) Thursday the 10th February
1949
(2) Friday the 11th February
1949
(3) Monday the 14th February
1949
(4) Tuesday the 15th February
1949
(5) Wednesday the 16th February
1949
(6) Thursday the 17th February
1949.

CHIEF ENGINEER
Ballard Road, Fort, Bombay. (3078)

BY THE COMMISSIONER OF POLICE

No. 74399151. - The following
draft of a notification which it
is proposed to issue under clause (c)
of sub-section (1) of section 22 of
the City of Bombay Police Act, 1902
(Bom. IV of 1902), is published as
required by sub-section (2) of the
said section for the information of
persons likely to be affected thereby
and notice is hereby given that any objections
or suggestions which may be received
in writing by the Commissioner of
Police, Bombay, from any person
or persons with regard to the
said draft on or before the 31st
January 1949 will be duly consid-
ered:-

DRAFT NOTIFICATION
In exercise of the powers con-
ferred by clause (c) of sub-section
(1) of section 22 of the City of
Bombay Police Act, 1902, the Com-
missioner of Police, Bombay, makes
the following new rules:-
"Regulation of traffic on Gibbs
Road:-

No parking is permitted on the
west side of Gibbs Road from its
junction with Kemp's Corner to its
junction with Ridge Road i.e. Op-
posite Malabar Hill Post Office."

J. S. BHARUCHA,
Commissioner of Police.
Head Police Office:
Bombay, 22nd December 1948. (3068)

THE NEW KAISER-I-HIND

S.P.G. & W.V.G. CO. LTD.

NOTICE
THE PUBLIC ARE HEREBY IN-
FORMED that the services of Mr.
CHITRAKILLAI GUPTA as Sales-
man of the Company have been
terminated as from 1st January,
1949.

For the New Kaiser-I-Hind
S. & W. Co. Ltd.
H. O. GANDHI,
Secretary.
Bombay 21st January, 1949 (3091)

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

MINISTRY OF RAILWAYS.
(Railway Board)

NOTICE
CAST IRON SLEEPER PLATES
AND POTS FOR RAILWAYS
1. Tenders are invited for the
supply of Cast Iron Sleeper Plates
and Pots to the Railways during
the period 1st April 1949 to 31st
March 1950.

2. Tenders are being invited in
India only.
3. Applications for copies of ten-
der documents should be made to
the Secretary, Railway Board, New
Delhi. Tender documents will be
supplied at Rs. 10/- per set and
will be available for sale from 1st
February 1949 except on Sundays
and holidays.

Tenders will be received up to
1 p.m. on Saturday the 19th Feb-
ruary 1949 and opened in the
office of the Director, Civil Engi-
neering, Railway Board, New Delhi
at 11 a.m. on 21st February 1949.

S. S. RAMASUBBAN
Secretary, Railway Board.
New Delhi.
Dated Jan. 1949.
PSE. 17/1
Case No. 0180-W (3024)

PUBLIC NOTICES

GOVERNMENT OF BOMBAY

PRINTING AND STATIONERY DEPARTMENT.

APPLICATIONS are invited from persons domiciled in the
Province of Bombay and non-Muslim refugees from Pakistan pos-
sessing the necessary qualifications for the following posts at the
Government Central Press, Bombay for the working of a Second
Shift, immediately and not later than the 31st January, 1949.

S. No.	Name of the Post.	No. of hands required	Scale of Pay	Remarks.
COMPOSING ROOM.				
1.	Linotype Operators	5	125-6-185	
2.	Mono Keyboard Operators	8	100-5-150	
3.	Monotype Caster Attendants	10	55-3-85	
4.	Senior Compositors	20	70-3-100 E.B.-4-120	
5.	Junior Compositors	30	50-2-70	
6.	Galley Pressmen	8	45-1-50	
READING ROOM.				
7.	Readers	10	*65-5-140 E.B.-6-200	
8.	Copy-holders	3	*65-5-125	(Matriculates to start on Rs. 75/-)
MACHINE ROOM.				
9.	Machinemen	10	70-4-100	
10.	Flymen	10	40-2-60	
BINDING				
11.	Assistant Binders	10	40-1-50-2-60	
12.	Binders Boys	25	35-1-40	
WAREHOUSE.				
13.	Guillotine men	1	50-2-80	
14.	Counters	2	45-1-50	
OFFICE.				
15.	Clerks	5	75-5-140 E.B.-6-200	
16.	Peons	2	35-1-2-40	
17.	Watch and Ward Men	2	35-1-2-40	
SUPERVISING STAFF				
18.	Overseer	1	200-10-250	
19.	Assistant Head Printer	1	100-5-125-6-155	
20.	Composing Foremen	3	125-5-185	
21.	Assistant Head Book Binder	1	100-5-125-6-155	
22.	Mono Mechanic	1	150-7-185.	

In addition to the scales of pay mentioned above, these employees are entitled to the Dearness Allowance admissible to Government Servants, at the rates prevalent from time to time.

Conditions of service shall be the same as for all the Provincial Government servants and the Industrial Workers will be entitled to the privileges admissible under the various labour enactments which have been made applicable to them by Government and shall have to work within the limitations of those acts.

QUALIFICATIONS:-

AGE:-Not more than 25 years (in case of intermediate and backward castes age limit can be relaxed by three years).

EDUCATION:-Must have passed VI Standard in any of the regional languages. For Clerks, Readers and Copy-holders, the minimum educational qualification is Matric or its equivalent.

Linotype Operators, Mono Keyboard Operators and Senior and Junior Compositors should possess a fair knowledge of English essential for their work. Compositors should be able to compose in English or in one or two regional languages of the Province of Bombay. Readers and Copy-holders should be able to correct and read respectively from hand-written manuscripts if required and should possess good knowledge of English and one of the regional languages of the Province of Bombay. The candidates should be familiar with the machines and duties of the posts they are expected to fill in.

OVERSEER:-In charge of the Machine Room. Should have a thorough knowledge of Stop Cylinder and two revolution machines—both hand-fed and automatic. He should be able to instruct and guide labour. Preference will be given to a Candidate conversant with 3 colour block printing.

ASSISTANT HEAD PRINTER:-In charge of Composing. The Candidate should have experience of Linotype or Monotype Composition and casting. He should be familiar with book and job composing work.

COMPOSING FOREMAN:-Be- sides being a good compositor he should be able to follow instructions on the work orders and get adequate outturn from men under him. He should be able to maintain work order registers and arrange for speedy transmission of work to the Machine Section.

ASSISTANT HEAD BOOK BINDER:-Should be conversant with all styles of binding and operation of folding, cutting and other binding machinery.

MONO MECHANIC:-Must have a good mechanical knowledge of the operating and Casting Machine and their adjustments. Candidates must appear for interview and trial at their own expense, if called for, with original copies of testimonials. Experi- enced Persons or those who have undergone regular training in the printing trade will be preferred.

Persons already in Government Service and possessing the necessary qualifications should apply through their heads of office.

Applications should be addressed to "The Superintendent, Govern- ment Printing and Stationery, Bombay No. 4." Copies of (1) Domicile Certificate, (2) Birth- date Certificate, and (3) Educational Certificate, and (4) Certificate of experience should be attached to the applications.

C. J. SALDANHA,
Superintendent,
Government Printing and Stationery, Bombay. (3089)

NOTICE

PURE PRODUCTS & MADHU CANNING LTD. have taken over the plants of Madhu Canning Co. Ltd. and Pure Products Ltd. and have installed at their new prem- ises at Worli, Annie Besant Road. Telephone Number is 46151. (213)

PUBLIC NOTICE

ALLOTMENT OF TIN PLATE/ CONTAINERS TO EDIBLE OIL MANUFACTURERS AND PACKERS.

IT IS NOTIFIED for the infor-
mation of the Public that the
Directorate General of Industries
and Supplies, New Delhi, will now
place some quantity of tin plate
containers for the packing of
edible oils in this Province at the
disposal of this Office every quar-
ter. All Manufacturers and
packers of Edible Oils, desiring
allotment of steel for such pur-
poses from this Quota should fur-
nish complete and upto date in-
formation in the prescribed form
which can be had on application
to this office. This information
is to be submitted by this office
to the Directorate General of
Industries and Supplies for fix-
ing the quarterly Quota of tin
plates for packing edible oils in
this Province. Those who fail
to supply the required infor-
mation will not be eligible to get a
quota of tinplates for containers
for edible oils. Complete detail-
ed information should be sub-
mitted so as to reach this office
on or before the 10th February
1949.

J. J. PATEL
Provincial Iron and
Steel Rationing Office
Military Hutments,
Esplanade, Malabar Fort,
Bombay, January 1949. (3086)

PUBLIC NOTICES

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION

THE FOLLOWING NOTICES of
Motions given under Section 36
(m) and (n) of the Municipal
Act will be placed before the Ad-
joined Budget Meeting of the
Corporation:-

14. By Mr. Jehangir D. Daru-
vala—For estimating the Income
under General Tax at Rs. 2,45,00,000
instead of at Rs. 2,39,90,643.

15. By Dr. Simon Fernandes,
seconded by Dr. A. D. Narade—For
increasing the provision made in
the Budget under V.—Medical Re-
lief and Education, etc., for the
supply of milk to undernourished
needy children attending Muni-
cipal Schools by Rs. 5 lakhs.

16-17. By Mr. Naushir C. Bha-
rucha seconded by Mrs. Vasanti N.
Shroff—For increasing the provi-
sion made in the Budget under
VI.—Medical Relief and Education
etc., for (16) under (a) K. E. M.
Hospital—Family Health Cen-
tres to Rs. 60,000 for increasing
the number of Health Visitors and
(17) under C.—Medical and Nur-
sing Assistance to poor people in
their homes to Rs. 10,000.

18. By Mr. M. Harris, seconded
by Mr. R. M. Dave—For increas-
ing the provision made in the Budget
under XIII.—Gardens and Open
spaces, etc., to Rs. 1,99,055.

19. By Mr. Ganpatishankar N.
Desai—For reducing the provision
made in the Loan Works Budget
under XIV.—Markets & Slaughter
Houses, etc., for draining, paving
and fencing of a plot adjoining
the DeLisle Road Sheep Market
to Rs. 16,571.

20. By Mr. R. M. Dave—For in-
creasing the provision made in the
Loan Works Budget under XV.—
Slum Service to Rs. 25,25,644.

By Order of
His Worship the Mayor
B. V. MODY,
Municipal Corporation Office,
Bombay, 25th January, 1949. (3080)

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS are invited for
the post of a GINNING SUPERVI-
SOR for the Ginning Section at
the Indian Central Cotton Commis-
sion's Technological Laboratory,
Matunga, Bombay, in the grade of
Rs. 200-15-275-E.B.-15-350, subject
to revision, with allowances as ad-
missible under Central Govern-
ment rules. The present duration
of the post is up to the 31st March,
1950, but is likely to be extended.
The minimum qualifications re-
quired are a degree or a diploma
in Mechanical Engineering with
at least five years' practical ex-
perience in a ginning factory. Can-
didates, whose age should not ex-
ceed 35 years, should be thorough-
ly conversant with the various
types of pre-cleaning and ginning
machinery.

Applications stating age, quali-
fications, etc. with copies of testi-
monials should reach the Secre-
tary, Indian Central Cotton Com-
mission, Post Box No. 1002, G.P.O.,
Bombay, not later than the 10th
February, 1949. (3033)

SHIP FOR SALE

TENDERS ARE INVITED FOR
Purchase of s.s. "JALAJYOTI"
Gross tons 4,430 Built 1918. "As is"
required for basis. For particulars
and inspection, apply: Scindia
Steam Navigation Co., Ballard
Estate, Bombay. (3092)

NOTICE

INTENDING PURCHASERS of
DILIP NIVAS (Nabwar Nagar
Raj Jogheswar) are hereby in-
formed that Indravadan Gulab-
das Dalal has no share, right,
title or interest in the said prop-
erty or any portion thereof and he
has no right to Mortgage or
alienate the same.

VASANT GULABDAS DALAL.

(214)

NOTICE OF TENDER

MILITARY ENGINEER SERVICES

APPLICATIONS for Tenders,
from contractors borne on MES
list of limits 2 lakhs and above,
are invited for the following
works at "H.M.I.S. Shivaji" at
Lonavla:-

- (i) Renewing old doors and
windows with chowkats,
with new ones of Indian
Teak.
- (ii) Supply of Roof Truss, either
in Indian Teak or Steel
and
- (iii) Renewing of old timber and
A.C. Sheets in roof.

The work is estimated to cost
about Rs. 13 lakhs and the work
will be divided into sections if
found necessary.

Other suitable contractors,
though not on the MES list may
also apply for tender with cre-
dentials and in the event of
their being selected to tender,
they will be required to be es-
tablished as MES Contractors before
they are issued with Tender Docu-
ments.

Application for Tender Forms
must be submitted on or before
1st February 1949 to the Chief
Engineer, Southern Command,
Poona.

Copies of the Conditions of
Contract, drawings and all other
documents connected with the
work will be open for inspection
in the office of the Chief Engi-
neer, Southern Command, Poona,
during office hours on and af-
ter 27th January, 1949.

Tender Documents will be issued
on and after 2nd February, 1949
and will be received back on 17th
February, 1949. (3059)

PUBLIC NOTICES

Published in the Bombay Govern-
ment Gazette, Dec. 30, 1948, Part I,
Para 5769

BY THE COMMISSIONER OF POLICE

No. 11501/T of 1948. - The follow-
ing draft of a notification which it
is proposed to issue under the City
of Bombay Police Act, 1902 (Bom.
IV of 1902) is published for the in-
formation of the public, as required
by section 22 (2) of the said Act.

Any objection or suggestion which
may be sent to the Commissioner of
Police, within one month from the
date of publication of the draft notifi-
cation in the "Bombay Government
Gazette," will be considered by him.

DRAFT NOTIFICATION

In exercise of the powers conferred
by clauses (1), (1), (g) and (h) of
sub-section (1) of section 22 of the
City of Bombay Police Act, 1902
(Bom. IV of 1902), the Commissioner
of Police, Greater Bombay, is pleased
with the previous sanction of the
Government of Bombay, further to
amend the Rules for places of Public
Amusement in the City of Bom-
bay, 1914, published in his notifi-
cation dated the 4th August 1914, as
well as in my notification No.
11535/123-C, dated the 28th July 1933,
and published in his notification No.
11535/123-C, dated the 28th July 1933,
as follows, namely:-

(1) The figures and words "12-45
A.M." occurring rule 270 of the Rules
for Places of Public Amusement in
the City of Bombay, 1914, shall be
deleted and the figures and words
"12 O'clock Midnight" shall be sub-
stituted.

(2) The figure "5" occurring in
the 2nd line of rule 289 of the afore-
said Rules shall be deleted and the
figure "6" shall be substituted and
the following new sentence added to
the said rule:-

"A fee of Rs. 5 shall be charged
for each performance when such
special permission is granted."

(3) The figures and words "1 A.M."
occurring in the form of license for
Premises, printed as schedule B to
the aforesaid Rules, shall be deleted
and the figures and words "12-15
A.M." shall be substituted.

(4) The figures and words "12-45
A.M." occurring in the form of Per-
formance license, printed as schedule
C to the aforesaid Rules, shall be
deleted and the figures and words
"12 O'clock Midnight" substituted
therefor.

(5) The clause C of sub-rule II of
rule 4 of the Rules amended and
published in my notification No.
11535/123-C, dated 28th July 1933,
shall be deleted and the following
clause substituted in its place:-

"C. Temporary license.....
For keeping a place of public
amusement, class B, for a period not
exceeding a fortnight.... 5-0-0."

J. S. BHARUCHA,
Commissioner of Police,
Greater Bombay.

Office of the Commissioner of Police,
Theatre Department,
Bombay, 20th December 1948 (3079)

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE OF SALE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN
that DIWAN BAHADUR ATMA-
RAM ANANT

See & Hear
Golden-voiced
NOORJEHAN
AT HER
SWEETEST IN
"Shaukat Art's"



JUGNU
with DILIP, SHASHI, CUCKOO
TH GREAT
WEEK AT
Daily: 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
Sun. and Hol. at 1 p.m.

ITS SPECTACULAR
YET HEART-TUGGING
PRAKASH Pictures



RAMBAAN
Director:
VIJAY BHATT

SUPER
Daily 3-15, 6-15 and 9-30
Sunday Matinee 12 noon
Bkgs. 9-30 to 11-30 and 4-30 to 7-30 p.m.
KOHINOOR
Daily 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
Sunday Matinee 12-30
Booking 9 to 11 a.m.
An EVERGREEN Release.

EVERYBODY
Desires
Strives to be a
GENTLEMAN

आइना रिकार्ड
गुहर्शी
10TH WEEK
LAMINGTON
Daily: 3, 6-15 & 9-30
Ad. Bkgs: 10 to 11-30 & 4-30 to 6
JAI HIND
12-15, 3-15, 6-15 & 9-15
Also at CITY LIGHT

EVERYBODY LIKES THIS SWEET
TALE of a GENTLEMAN

PEACE & JOY
IN ONE'S HOME!
See it in Muri's Moving Social H.
Ghar
-KI-
Izzat
Starting:
MUMTAZ
SHANTI,
DILIP KUMAR,
MANORAMA,
JIVAN,
GILAS
★ COPE &
★ DIXIT
Produced & Directed by
MA. DAKYANL
Full
Houses
at
IMPERIAL
Sun at
12-30
Advance Booking 10 to 12 and 4 to 6
5th Crowded Week!

EXCELSIOR
3-30, 6-30, 9-30
Also Showing Latest
2 reels Tropical of
KASHMERE YUDDH
BROADWAY
4, 6-45, and 9-30

VIDYA
The order of the Commissioner
of Police prohibiting the people, arms
and ammunition dealers excepted,
from Bombay, from transferring,
either by sale or otherwise, to any person
arms or ammunition, without a
special permit from him, has been ex-
tended for two months from Jan. 27.

OUR PROUDEST POSSESSION!
A FILM RECORD DIRECT FROM
MAHATMA
GANDHI
at **CENTRAL**
From
SATURDAY,
JAN. 29th
Plans Open today
Daily 10 to 12 & 4 to 6
A WESTERN INDIA THEATRES
LTD Release.

CROWN
WATCHES
STAND FOR SERVICE QUALITY AND ACCURACY
AVAILABLE AT OUR DISTRIBUTORS

CITY & SUBURBS

To-day
HINDU: Posh Vad 13, 2005.
MUSLIM: Rabi-ul-Avval 26, 1368.
PARSI: Amardad 26, 1318.
Sunrise 7-14 A.M., Sunset 6-20 P.M.
High tide 09-57, 23-36 Low tide 50-10,
16-20.
MUNICIPAL STANDING COM-
MITTEE: 3-10 p.m. (S.T.).
MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS COMMIT-
TEE: 3-10 p.m. (S.T.).

Today's Engagements
BAZM-E-HAYRAT, ELPHINSTONE
COLLEGE: Dr. Mulk Raj Anand will
speak on "Intellectuals and World
Peace", today (Wednesday) at 3-15
p.m. in College premises.
FEDERATION OF INSURANCE EM-
PLOYEES' UNION: Meeting at Tanbe
Dining Hall, Hanuman Street, at 6-10
p.m. today (Wednesday).
RECEPTION TO SK. ABDULLAH
Under the auspices of Ghatakpur
Progressive Students Association,
Sheikh Abdullah will be given a public
reception today (Wednesday) at 7-45
a.m. in Hindu Sabha Hall, Ghatakpur.
PUBLIC RECEPTION TO SHEIKH
ABDULLAH
Sheer-I-Kashmir Sheikh Moham-
mad Abdullah, Prime Minister of
Jammu and Kashmir State, who is in
Bombay, will be given a Public Reception
by the Bombay Provincial Con-
gress Committee today (Wednesday)
at the beginning of the "Remembrance
Day" meeting to be held at the Chow-
patty sands at 6 in the evening. The
meeting will be presided over by Shri
S. K. Patil, President of the Bombay
Provincial Congress Committee. Sheer-
I-Kashmir Sheikh Abdullah will speak
at the meeting on the "Kashmir Issue".
DASTUR BODE'S LECTURE: Under
auspices of Rahnumai Sabha, questions
and answers meeting today (Wednes-
day) at 6-15 p.m. at K. R. Cama Ori-
ental Institute Library Hall, Apollo Street.
Dasturji Framroz Bode will reply to
questions.
UNITED LODGE OF THEO-
PHISTS TALK: ON: "Overcoming
Sorrows" to be followed by questions
and answers today (Wednesday) at
6-15 p.m. at: Jehangir Wadia Building
Opp Flora Fountain.
HINDUSTANI SCOUT ASSOCIA-
TION: Meeting of all Sind Scouts,
today (Wednesday) at 5-30 p.m. in the
Fellowship School, Grant Road.
NEW ERA SCHOOL: Condolence
meeting of old pupils, friends and ad-
mirers of late Mr. M. R. K. Swamy
today (Wednesday) at 6 p.m. in New
Era School Hall.
FREEDOM GROUP: To celebrate
5th Foundation Day of Group which
synchronizes with Independence Day,
today (Wednesday) at 6-15
p.m. in hall of Alexandra Girls' En-
glish Institution, Waudy Road, when
Dr. B. H. Mehta will speak on "Free-
dom and Independence in U.S.A." Prof.
P. A. Wadia will preside. The Zarthosti
United Dwaras also joins in celebra-
tion of Independence Day at this meeting.
KHALSA COLLEGE: Annual prize
distribution at College grounds at 4-30
p.m. today (Wednesday). H. E. Raja
Sir Mahan Singh, Governor of Bom-
bay will preside.
DR. AGARWAL'S LECTURE: Dr.
S. Agarwal will speak on "Perfect
Sight without Glasses" at Wilson Col-
lege, Chowpatty today (Wednesday)
at 12-45 p.m.
SARVODAYA WEEK: Public meet-
ing at Worli near Chawl No. 45 today
(Wednesday) when Mr. G. D. Vartak,
Minister for Local Self-Government
will speak.
BOMBAY PHILOSOPHICAL SO-
CIETY: Mr. M. J. Gordhandas will
speak on "The Ethics of Justice" today
(Wednesday), Government Law Col-
lege at 6 p.m.
MILLOWNERS' ASSOCIATION
COMMITTEE: The following members
have been elected to serve on the Com-
mittee of the Millowners' Association,
Bombay, for the year 1949:—
Sir Vishal Chandavarkar, K.L. (Chair-
man), Messrs. Neville N. Wadia, (Dr.
Chairman), T. V. Baddeley, Dharmaraj
Murali Khatau, A. Pether, Krishnaraj
M. D. Thackersey, J. C. Burns, Navin-
chandra Mafatlal, G. D. Somani, J. C.
Lancashire, L. P. H. Goodwin, H. G. H.
Everitt, Ramnath A. Podar, Bhagvan-
das C. Mehta, Radhakrishna Ram-
narain, M. L. Tapuriah, S. P. Jain,
E. D. Sheppard, Rai Bahadur R. D.
Bagla, and Mr. Rameshwarlal Nopany.

Iranian Ambassador in India
H.E. Mr. Mousa Novry Esfandiari, Iranian Ambassador in India pre-
sented his credentials to H.E. Shri Rajagopalachari, Governor-General
of India on Jan. 22.

IRANIAN AMBASSADOR IN INDIA



H.E. Mr. Mousa Novry Esfandiari, Iranian Ambassador in India pre-
sented his credentials to H.E. Shri Rajagopalachari, Governor-General
of India on Jan. 22.

VOTE FOR MEHERALLY ON FEB. 15

Socialists Appreciate Congress Gesture

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Messrs. Purshotam Trakadas and Mounuddin Harris write:—

"We are glad to learn from the statement of Mr. S. K. Patil, President of the B.P.C.C. that the Congress Candidate for the Bombay Assembly by-election from City South Muslim Constituency, Mr. Adamash Mulla Nurbhai Dadanvala, has been withdrawn in favour of Mr. Yusuf Meherally, candidate on behalf of the Socialist Party.

We appreciate this gesture which has made it possible for a veteran fighter and one of the acknowledged leaders of the Socialist Party to be returned to the Assembly without contest.

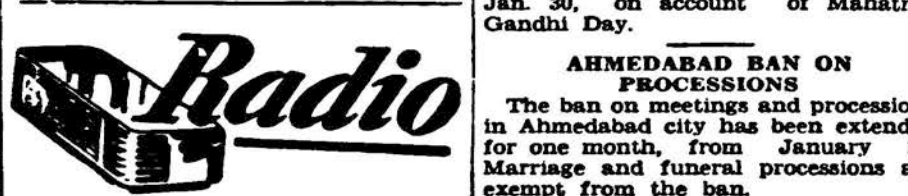
WE WILL SAFEGUARD COMMON MAN'S INTERESTS

We need hardly assure the public that even as the lone representative of the Socialist Party, Mr. Yusuf Meherally's contribution to the Legislature would by no means be negligible and his voice will always be raised to safeguard the interests of the common man.

We want to draw the attention of the voters that as has been pointed out by Mr. Patil that in spite of the withdrawal of the Congress candidate, owing to technical difficulties the formalities of an election will have to be gone through. We therefore appeal to all voters to go to the polls and cast their votes for Mr. Meherally on Tuesday, the 15th of February 1949."

A CORRECTION

A report of the unveiling of the bust of Sir Purshotamdas Thakurdas was published in the "Bombay Chronicle" yesterday. As Sir Cowasji Jehangir Sarda, who was one of the rare occasions when a man's public services are recognized in his lifetime. The report appeared with the wrong caption, "Governor's Tribute to the late Sir Purshotamdas". It should have read, "Governor's Tribute to Sir Purshotamdas". We deeply regret the mistake.



BOMBAY, Wednesday.
244 metres (1,231 kc/s) 7-30 a.m. Sar-
dar Mansoor 7-40 News (M) 7-50 News
(G) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30
Sardesai 8-40 Ghanshyam (T) 8-45
Sindhu Purohit 9-0 Sham Sardesai
12-0 p.m. Rang Tarang 12-30 Pankaj
Mallik 12-45 News (M) 12-50 News (G)
1-30 News (E) 1-40 The Behemans
1-55 Richard 2-15 Debroy
Somers Band 4-30 School Broadcast
5-0 N. P. Prajapati 5-5 Ghulam Ahmed
5-45 News (K) 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News
(G) 6-15 Sindhu Purohit 6-30 Sham
Sardesai 7-0 Top of the Day 7-10
Local Announcements and weather re-
port 7-15 Sardar Mansoor 7-30 Nae Nae
Film 7-45 Hiralal Barodekar 7-55
"Varya Varachi Varat" 8-0 News (M)
8-15 News (G) 8-30 Vinayakrao Chan-
drakar 8-45 "Victoria Vale" 9-0 News (E)
9-15 News (H) 9-30 BBC News Relay
9-40 Anything Goes 9-45 Current Events
10-0 Sunderji Betal Krut Gujarati
Geeto 10-15 Sham Sardesai.
VARIATIONS
41.44 metres (7-240 kc/s) 7-40 a.m.
Bhavgeetee 5-45 p.m. Sundarabai Jadhav
6-15 Calling Rural Listeners 6-18
metres (4,880 kc/s) 7-45 Commercial
News 8-0 N. P. Prajapati 8-15 Sundarabai
Jadhav 9-0 Ghulam Ahmed 9-25 Sar-
dar Mansoor 10-0 Urban De Lima 10-15
Elizabeth Schumann 10-30 Tuna
Portuguesa.
BARODA, Jan. 26.
250 metres (1,200 kc/s) 7-30 a.m.
Morning Variety 7-50 News (G) 8-0
News (E) 8-15 Film Music 6-0 p.m.
News (E) 6-10 Local Announcements
6-15 For Rural Areas (Gujarati) Re-
layed from Bombay 6-35 Film: Songs
7-0 Street Samelari 7-30 Usad Vilayt
Hussain 7-45 Topical Talk 8-0 Anwar
Khan (Sitar) 8-15 News (G) 8-30 Abdul
Karim Khan 9-40 Bhal Malji 9-0 News
(E) 9-15 Ustad Vilayat Hussain.

BARODA RADIO
BARODA, Jan. 25. (A.P.I.): All-
India Radio, Baroda, will broadcast a
talk entitled "Kashmir Today" at 7-45
p.m. on Wednesday the 26th inst. It
will be by P. M. Munsil, member of the
Constituent Assembly and a review of the
Historical Records Commission in
Gujarati by Prof. K. H. Kamdar at
7-45 p.m. on Friday the 28th inst. Both
the talks can be heard on 250
metres.

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7-45 p.m. on Friday the 28th inst. Both
the talks can be heard on 250
metres.

REMEMBRANCE DAY

Today, January 26, is being celebrat-
ed all over the country as "Remem-
brance Day" pursuant to instructions
issued by the Congress Working Com-
mittee. This is the Day on which the
Nation used to pledge every year to
work for Independence. Therefore, no
date is more fitting than this to start
translating this independence into
social and economic freedom of the
people through constructive activities.

According to the suggestions made
by the Working Committee, there will
be a number of Public Meetings held
in Bombay by the B.P.C.C. and sub-
ordinate committees and other insti-
tutions to explain the implications of
this programme so that the message
of this constructive work for social
revolution may reach everybody.

On behalf of the B.P.C.C. the Day
will be observed by holding a public
meeting at Chowpatty at 6 p.m. Shri
S. K. Patil, President of the B.P.C.C.
will preside and His Worship the
Mayor of Bombay, Shri Kashinath
Sheikh Md. Abdullah, the Hon'ble Shri
Morarji Desai, Shri K. M. Munsil and
others will speak.

Handicrafts, Industries of the
Economic Programme resolution passed
by the last Working Committee meet-
ing at Delhi will be widely distributed.
The B.P.C.C. Publicity Department
is bringing out a special "Remembrance
Day" Bulletin today.

**GIRGAUM CONGRESS COMMIT-
TEE:** Today (Wednesday) at
6 p.m. public meeting in
People's Hall, Congress House, Presi-
dent: Shri S. K. Patil and Hon'ble
Morarji Desai and others will speak,
9 p.m. public meeting and "Rastriya
Tamasha" at Bhatt Chawl, Arthur
Road, Tardeo, Hon'ble B. G. Kher
will speak.

**A WARD DISTRICT CONGRESS
COMMITTEE:** Public meeting at Dwar-
dwarkadas Lane, Fort, at 8 p.m. when
Gardar Pratapsingh Ganpatishanker
N. Desai, Nathalal D. Parikh and V.
B. Gandhi will speak.

**NAGPADA TALUKA CONGRESS
COMMITTEE:** 8-30 p.m. Flag Salu-
tion at Hakim Dayam Baugh Khandia
Street, 9-30 to 10-30 a.m. Cycle Pro-
cession.

**THANA TOWN CONGRESS COM-
MITTEE:** At Central Maidan at 8 a.m.
when Sheikh Abdullah Prime Minister
of Kashmir will unfurl the flag and
speak.

**Exhibition Of Mahatma's
Photographs**

THANA: In connection with Ma-
hatma Gandhi's death anniversary an
exhibition of Mahatma Gandhi's photo-
graphs taken on important occasions
in his life and of village industries, ran-
golis and handicraft will be held from
the 26th to 31st inst. in the Hanuman
Vyayam Shala, Thana. The fee for the
exhibition is about two annas and af-
ducting the actual expenditure, all
collections are to be paid to the Ma-
hatma Gandhi National Memorial Fund.

WEATHER

WEATHER SUMMARY

POONA, Jan. 25. (A. P. I.): The fol-
lowing is the daily weather summary
for Tuesday the 25th January 1949:—
Weather has been dry over the
country except for isolated showers
in the East Punjab and the southern
districts of south-east Madras.
Night temperatures were appreciably
above normal over North-West
India, the United Provinces and the
East and North Central Provinces.

**FORECAST VALID UNTIL THE
EVENING OF 26TH:** There will be
local showers in the East Punjab hills
and a few showers in the plains of
the East Punjab, the southern dis-
tricts of the United Provinces, the
hills of the West United Provinces
and in the extreme south of the
peninsula.

WEATHER CHART

POONA, Jan. 25. (A. P. I.): The fol-
lowing is the daily weather chart show-
ing the maximum and minimum tem-
peratures and rainfall in inches
during the past 24 hours from Dec. 1
1948 and departure from normal re-
corded at 08-00 hours (I. S. T.), on
Jan. 25, 1949:—
Ahmednagar — 64.0 0 minus 0.1,
Bamgaon 83.57 0.2 minus 0.4, BOMBAY
85.68 0.0 minus 0.1, Calcutta 81.58 0.0
minus 0.4, Coimbatore 89.59 0.0 10.3 plus
1.7, Delhi 79.61 0.1 minus 1.0, Hydrabad
(Dn.) 87.58 0.0 minus 0.8, Madras 84.67
0.1 minus 0.1, Patna 81.59 0.0 minus 0.4,
Mysore 80.59 0.0 minus 0.8, Nagpur 89.57 0.0
minus 0.8, Panna 80.57 0.0 minus 0.8,
P.O. Poona 92.55 0.0 minus 0.2, Sholapur
81.67 0.0 minus 0.8, Simla 55.37
2.1 minus 1.6, Surat 92.62 0.0 minus 0.1.

The Famous Astrologer

Recipient of many Gold
Medals and Certificates
from Maharajas, Judges,
and notables. Annual
life reading monthly
details Rs. 5, 3 question:
Rs. 2. (Horoscope or
writing time required).
Pandit Kaliyur M. SRI
NIVASACHARIAR, T. H. P. ONDICH,
Thyagarayanagar, Madras-17

4th HOUSEFUL WEEK

MANGAL'S
MARATHI
MUSICAL

Jeevacha Sakha
SULOCHANA, JAIRAM SHILEDAR
Daily 3-30, 6-30, 9-30
Sat., Sun. 12-30

MAJESTIC
A 'JAI HIND' Release.

keep free from **COLDS**

There is
Only One



Valda Pastilles offer you
remarkable protection
against the danger of all
infections of the throat and
chest. Make sure you get
the genuine Valda Pastilles.

MADE IN FRANCE
Available at all chemists
and dealers.

VALDA PASTILLES
District agents wanted all over India. Trade
enquiries to S. A. C. I. Pondicherry. Exclusive
Agents for India Pakistan Burma & Ceylon.

If you would get rid of rough skin and chapped
hands in winter, take to a daily application of
B. C. P. W.

Cold Cream of Roses
A KEY TO
Beauty & Complexion

A BENGAL CHEMICAL PRODUCT
Agents: ORIENT DRUG AGENCY, Princess St. Bombay, 2.

As my firm's export manager, I find it
pays to do business with a man and not
just an address. Correspondence is cut to
the bone, misunderstandings are prevented,
problems are discussed and solved right on
the spot.

That's where Speedbird service and
B.O.A.C.'s more than 72,000 miles of
world-wide air routes come in. B.O.A.C.
usually flies where I want to go, and Speed-
bird service gets me or my freight there in a hurry and right on
schedule. Arranging my trips is easy. The local B.O.A.C.
Appointed Agent fixes everything. No crowds or confusion, and
no red tape. Everything goes like clock-work, but with this
important difference: there's the personal touch!

About the actual flight... It's good, really good—from beginning
to end. If you're hungry, you can eat wonderful food—"on
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Pitched Battle At Worli

ALLEGED GANG OF SMUGGLERS FIGHT POLICE

BOMBAY, Tuesday. A PITCHED BATTLE WITH A GANG OF ALLEGED SMUGGLERS AND THEIR FRIENDS AND A PARTY OF POLICE WHO HAD GONE TO ARREST THE SMUGGLERS, TOOK PLACE IN A LONELY SPOT OFF WORLI BEACH LAST NIGHT.

Stones and lathis were used by a defiant crowd of about 50 to 60 persons who hemmed in the police party. After two constables had sustained serious injuries, the police were forced to open fire and later help was requisitioned from Bhowada and Worli before four of the ring leaders were arrested and the gang dispersed.

One man who sustained a bullet wound is detained in hospital. It is stated that Inspector Newlands of the Southern Sector, Prohibition Branch of the Bombay City Police received information that certain smugglers were trying to import large quantities of illicit liquor or sea and that the consignment would arrive at Worli Beach under cover of darkness.

The officer with Sub-Inspector Kulkarni and four constables all disguised as 'kols' went to the spot to await the arrival of the illicit cargo. But it would seem that the friends of the bootleggers sensed that the prowling 'kols' were not their kin. A whispering campaign started and presently a crowd of them were plying the policemen with all manner of awkward questions.

From words it passed to blows and the crowd began to pelt the police party with stones and flourished lathis. The police party reluctant to let go their quarry would not take reprisals at once. But when things became too hot and two constables were actually lathicharged Sub-Inspector Kulkarni whipped out his revolver and fired four shots at the crowd.

This did not however, end the problem of the police party. Finding them small in numbers and thirsting for vengeance, the crowd continued to "sit them with stones. The police party while holding the crowd at bay managed to send for assistance and presently two lorries of constables rolled in from Bhowada and Worli.

It is stated that this is the fourth time during the last fortnight that police officers trying to catch smugglers have been attacked and have had to resort to firing.

One More Bruce Street Dacoity Suspect Arrested

BOMBAY, Tuesday. The city police is living no stone unturned in tracking down all those who took part in the sensational Bruce Street dacoity. Yesterday one more person was arrested. The arrest was effected in a room at Ghatkopar where Shamsheer Rehman, alleged to be involved in the offence was in hiding. The police had to force to open the doors of the room, when the suspect, in an attitude of "come one and come all" faced the police party. A brief scuffle ensued and Rehman was put under arrest.

The police are now disposed to think practically all except one, who is said to be the moving genius in the daring coup, have now been arrested. The man in question, Sher-Mohamed, stated to be a dangerous character, with many exploits to his credit. Some time ago he had a sensational escape from the Girgaum Court.

ATTEMPT TO CHEAT SIR PURSHOTTAM DAS FOILED

Alleged to have attempted to cheat Sir Purshottamdas Thakurdas by presenting a bogus 'Hundi' for Rs. 10,000 for payment, Karamchand Gokulchand and Pyarelal Chaganlal were arrested by the police yesterday. They are reported to have approached Sir Purshottamdas in his office in Navsari Chambers, Outram Road yesterday afternoon and presented the draft. As the latter did not know the party nor had any dealings with them he felt suspicious and handed them over to the police. The men were ordered to be released on bail, when they were produced this morning before Mr. Oscar Brown, Chief Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Police Court.

27 KILLED IN DAKOTA CRASH

Tragedy In Soviet Zone Of Berlin

LONDON, Jan. 25 (Reuters). The crew of three and 24 German passengers, including five children, were killed when a British Dakota on the Berlin air lift crashed in bad weather in forest near Schoenberg, in the Soviet Zone last night.

This was announced today by the Air Ministry here who said the plane was returning to Luebeck after delivering food to Gadow airport in the Soviet sector of Berlin.

Soviet View Of Delhi Conference

LONDON, Jan. 24 (UPI). According to the Soviet News Agency, 'Tass', it has been revealed in Delhi that negotiations have been conducted at "private" talks and conferences as a result of which a number of Middle-East countries may bring "joint pressure" to bear upon the state of Israel.

Units of Pakistan and Indian Armies may remain in the territory of Jammu and Kashmir and long-term frontier defence lines are being set up by both the sides. And a military alliance among a number of states is being established for averting the "Communist menace" from "Red" China. It has also been further revealed in Delhi, the report adds, that the first resolution of the Indonesian Conference was drafted in such a manner as to enable Holland to retain her power over Indonesia and imposing on the Indonesians such obligations as to give Holland the formal right to dictate terms of negotiations to the Republican Government and sabotage implementation of the recommendations of the Conference.

Police Hunt For Escaped Prisoner

BOMBAY, Tuesday. The Gamdevi Police have organized a man-hunt to rearrest a prisoner who escaped from their custody yesterday.

The way in which Mohamed Arif Nagarwalla, who was arrested for being concerned in a house-breaking and theft, outwitted the policeman who took him out for an inquiry has intrigued the police.

It is stated that a constable took Nagarwalla to a restaurant in Esplanade Bazaar in connection with investigation of the offence with which he was charged. The suspect, it is said, was a boarder of the proprietor of the hotel. On being shown to him, the proprietor of the hotel is alleged to have told the policeman to remove the manacles from the wrists of Nagarwalla, so as to enable him to move freely, and point out to the constable where the stolen goods had been secreted in the premises.

The policeman obliged the proprietor and the suspect went inside the house, while the two were engaged in a conversation. Nagarwalla, seizing this opportunity is said to have quietly unbolted the backdoor and escaped.

As he did not turn up for quite a while, the suspicion of the constable was aroused, but it was too late. The bird had already flown.

The police have arrested the proprietor.

THIEVES IN LEAGUE WITH POSTMEN

BOMBAY, Tuesday. Three persons believed to be members of a gang of thieves and postmen working in league to intercept and cash cheques, and drafts sent by post, were arrested by the Bombay C.I.D. yesterday.

Several others alleged to be belonging to the same gang were arrested last week. Cheques and drafts to the value of Rs. 100,000 are suspected to have been stolen by this group and large-scale investigations in this matter are still continuing. Of the three persons arrested yesterday, one is a postman (Pandurang Manjekar) of the Kalbadevi Post Office. He is alleged to have worked in collaboration with the others (Abdul Majid Abdul Mahomed and Abdul Majid Chahal Mahomed) in intercepting a cheque for Rs. 3,000 sent from Jamnagar to Bombay. The accused were arrested on the basis of information given to the Police by some postmen in the group arrested earlier. On a search of their residence, the police recovered a draft for Rs. 4,000 believed to be stolen in transit from Delhi to Bombay and a cheque for Rs. 1,000 similarly intercepted between Ahmedabad and Bombay.

The accused were released on bail by Mr. Oscar Brown, Chief Presidency Magistrate at the Esplanade Police Court this morning.

SJT. DASHARATHAL JOSHI DEAD

A correspondent writes:—"The death has taken place of Sjt. Dasharathal Joshi (aged 65) at Ville Parle. He was a philanthropist, and used to support not only the Congress movement but all progressive movements. He was the founder of Lunawada Praja Mandal and his property was confiscated by the State in the early 30's by the State Government. He paid liberally towards the education of the poor, irrespective of caste or creed, and used to harbour many Congressmen when in 1930 they were on the 'wanted list'.

In Bombay he took up the Railway and Public Works Dept's contracts. From 1930 he was leading a secluded life and his saintly character brought to his house many Congress presidents.

Even Mahatmaji had high regards for him. His free library known as Liberty Lodge Library has provided many Congressmen in toil with books. His charity amounts to over three lakhs of rupees."

SHEIKH ABDULLAH AT ISLAM CLUB



Sheikh Abdullah, the Premier of Kashmir speaking at a dinner party given by Mr. Fattanwala at Islam Club on Tuesday.

PRO-MERGER DEMONSTRATION IN BHOPAL

V. P. Menon's Efforts To Solve Crisis

BHOPAL, Jan. 25 (API).—Mr. V. P. Menon, Adviser to the States Ministry, Government of India, who met the Nawab of Bhopal here at noon yesterday, resumed his talks this morning. It was learnt later that he was prolonging his stay in Bhopal by a day and would leave tomorrow afternoon.

Mr. Menon is due to meet representatives of the two rival groups of the local Congress, including Maulana Tarzi Mashruqi, President of the suspended Bhopal District Congress Committee, and Mr. Qudus Sahab, Secretary of the Bhopal Congress "Ad Hoc" Committee. Those who met Mr. Menon this morning included Mr. Manohar Singh Mehta, special Observer of the Madhyabharat Provincial Congress Committee in Bhopal, and Mr. Kanhaiyalal Khadiwala, President of the Indore City Congress Committee and one of the three members of

the "Ad Hoc" Committee.

Mr. Menon's visit was made the occasion for a pro-merger demonstration last evening by a number of women who attempted to take over the procession, and when stopped by the police squatted on the road till late at night. Mr. Menon visited the spot at night and told the demonstrators that both the States Ministry and the ruler of Bhopal were fully aware of their demands, and talks in that regard were now proceeding. He advised the women therefore to disperse, which they did quietly.

This morning about 200 persons including some women, took out a "Prabhat Pheri" and dispersed after holding a meeting. A woman worker said at the meeting that "the hour of our victory" was at hand, and Mr. Menon had assured them that their demands were being looked into.

Mr. Ramcharan Rai, one of the political prisoners arrested in connection with the local civil disobedience movement early this month, was released yesterday from Bhopal jail on medical ground.

DERAILMENT OF WHEAT SPECIAL

Howrah-Burdwan Section Of E.I.R. Blocked

CALCUTTA, Jan. 25 (API). Both the up and down lines of the Howrah-Burdwan section of the East Indian Railway has been blocked since this morning due to the derailment of a wheat special train about 50 miles from Howrah. The Divisional Superintendent, Howrah, reports that the wheat special was bound to Lucknow from the home dock. Twelve wagons of the train derailed and capsized about 2/45 on the Howrah-Burdwan section. Both the up and down main lines are blocked. Breakdown trains have been rushed to the site of the accident to clear the block.

Due to this accident all Howrah-Burdwan chord trains are being diverted via the mail line. The running of local trains has also been affected.

AMENDMENT TO PROBATION OF OFFENDERS ACT

The Bombay Probation of Offenders Act, 1938, is to be amended so as to make certain provisions in it which were found necessary by experience. The amending Bill has been published in the Bombay Government Gazette, of January 24, 1949.

A new section is proposed to be inserted in the Act empowering the Court to require a Probation Officer to submit to it a report regarding the character and antecedents of the persons dealt with under this Act. It also provides for treating such a report as confidential. The new section is proposed to be added to the Act purport to give the Probation Officer immunity from any legal proceedings for anything done by him in good faith. The reports of the Probation Officers are generally based on the information gathered from the relatives of the offenders, their neighbours and friends. At times these reports contain adverse remarks about their character and expose the Probation Officers to the risk of prosecution for defamation.

T.W.A. FIRST AMONG WORLD'S AIRLINES

With figures now available from all countries in the world, including Russia, it was revealed today that Trans World Airlines is the world's largest airline in terms of miles flown.

According to recently compiled Civil Aeronautics Board figures, TWA led the world by flying 1,421,477 scheduled miles weekly during September, 1948, the base period used for the CAB compilation.

Next ranking scheduled air carrier was the Russian airline Aeroflot, which flew 1,327,476 scheduled miles weekly during the same period.

In 1948, United States carriers flew 6,946,000 scheduled domestic miles weekly and 2,030,000 miles internationally or a total of 8,976,000 scheduled miles weekly.

Excluding Soviet figures for purpose of comparisons with previous years, other operators flew 3,463,000 scheduled miles weekly and 3,661,000 miles internationally, with a total of 7,124,000 scheduled miles weekly.

Of the 1,327,000 miles flown weekly by the Soviet airline 95 per cent was in domestic mileage.

BATTLE OF POLITICIANS IN KASHMIR

Sheikh Abdullah Gives Clear-Cut Picture

BOMBAY, Tuesday. "The battle of military generals in Kashmir is over, but the real battle of politicians begins now with the acceptance of cease-fire by India and Pakistan and we are fully prepared to face the enemy on this battle-ground of slogans", declared Sheikh Mahomed Abdullah, Prime Minister of Kashmir and Jammu, at a reception accorded to him by the Bombay Union of Journalists at their office this morning.

Sheikh Mahomed Abdullah, who was addressing a crowded meeting of Bombay Journalists in Hindustani, gave a clear-cut picture of the situation in Kashmir since the cessation of military warfare between Kashmir National Militia aided by the Indian Army and the tribal raiders with the help of Pakistan army. He said that fears and apprehensions were expressed in certain circles in India and now that the future of Kashmir and Jammu which was to be decided by the plebiscite held on adult franchise was rather doubtful. He allayed the fears and asked them to think for themselves as to how the overwhelming majority of Muslims in Kashmir and Jammu had fought valiantly against Pakistan army and tribal marauders for the last fifteen months. "If the common people of Kashmir had shown such heroism and fortitude and self-sacrifice in these critical months without the least civil commotion or disturbance", he said, "it only proves that they were one with us in our objective, namely, Kashmiris will defend their freedom to the last and will alone decide their future."

Sheikh Abdullah admitted that there were many difficulties to be surmounted before those high objectives could be achieved. "But, does it mean that we will be discouraged or dismayed in our efforts to achieve those objectives of our path bristles with these difficulties and troubles" he asked.

Sheikh Abdullah declared that even if it meant sacrifice of his life at the altar of his ideals and even if he is killed in the realization of his objectives, he would work ceaselessly with his hand of comrades who were all devoted to that noble cause.

He reminded the audience that the common people in Kashmir were expecting the realisation of their future. He gave the instance of liquidation of vested interests in Kashmir—the Zamindari and Jaghirdari system—and said that the common people in Kashmir who were politically conscious had definite views on what the future was going to be in the set-up of the Indian Union. Thus, he said, Kashmir and Jammu could not be treated on the same footing as other states in India and as long as those people were assured of a honorable place in the Indian Union, our ground was sure in Kashmir and we were bound to triumph in the forthcoming political battle.

Sheikh Abdullah enumerated many difficulties which, he said, were to be faced by the U.N. Commission and his Administration in arranging a plebiscite based on adult franchise to take the ultimate verdict of the people of Kashmir and Jammu on the question of accession. He referred to

the enemy-held territory in Jammu and said that the U.N. Commission had not decided as to who would administer those areas, although the agreement stated that the local population would administer those areas. He said that over two lakhs of non-Muslims had already been displaced from these areas and they would not return to their homes unless full security was guaranteed to them. Besides, he said, over six lakh people in the territory held by his administration had to be rehabilitated, how was it possible to arrange the plebiscite, when one seventh of the population of the state was not able to give their verdict on this "ital issue, he asked. He also said that 30,000-strong trained army of tribal raiders was still waiting on the Kashmir and Jammu border and the U.N. Commission had to take steps to see that in Pakistan-held territory, no outsider was smuggled in by Pakistan to swell their votes in the plebiscite.

"Ultimately, it is our political programme and political ideology that will decide the future of Kashmir and Jammu," said Sheikh Abdullah. "We are alive to the situation and we will fight to the last to see our objectives are achieved. Their case built on lies and falsehood is bound to crumble."

Sheikh Abdullah appealed to the people of India, who were supporting Kashmiris in their struggle all these days, to strengthen his hands in fighting the battle on the political front so that they would be victorious in the last battle of politicians.

Sheikh warned them, however, not to be complacent about Kashmir situation, because, he said, with the acceptance of cease-fire by India and Pakistan, war was not completely over in Kashmir. War might still flare up, because there were many conflicting issues yet to be settled, he added. "Let us all prepare ourselves to face any situation that may arise in the future developments," he declared.

REPATRIATED PRISONERS FROM PAKISTAN

Proposed Bombay Legislation For Trial

The Government of Bombay proposes to make a statutory provision for the reception, detention and trial of the prisoners transferred from Pakistan to the Province of Bombay. A Bill in this connection has been prepared and published in the Bombay Government Gazette of January 24, 1949.

Under the agreement between the Governments of India and Pakistan regarding the exchange of prisoners, the Government of India will receive prisoners from Pakistan. It is proposed to send to this Province some of these prisoners. The Bill is intended to enable the Government of Bombay to provide for the reception, detention and trial of such prisoners.

British Debating Team To Visit India

NEW DELHI, Jan. 25 (API). A debating team consisting of three members of the British National Union of Students is on its way to India. The team is scheduled to arrive in Delhi on February 2, after spending a day (January 31) at Jullundur. On their way to India, the debaters will visit Pakistan and later also Ceylon.

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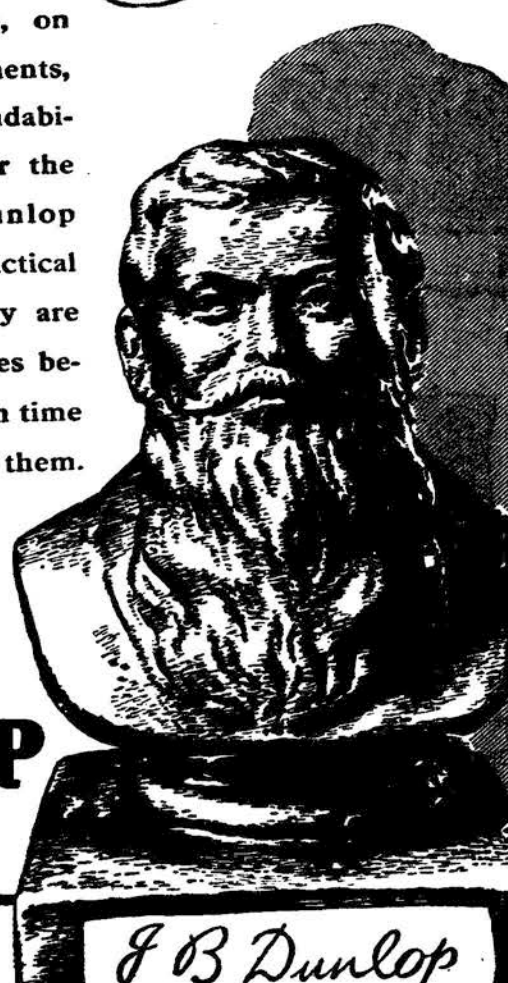
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COOPER'S EXCELLENT RECOVERY IN C. C. I. TENNIS

Well-known Indian Professional, Noor Mohamed Fully Extended By Abdul Latif

BOMBAY, Tuesday. The participation of the well-known Indian Davis Cup player, Noor Mohamed, in the C. C. I. Tennis Championships, has aroused great interest among the thousands of the game in Bombay. Added to this the All-India Professional coach Noor Mohamed, will also be seen in action in the Professional's singles.

Although nowhere near his form of a few seasons back, Noor Mohamed managed to survive in the very first round against Abdul Latif in two long-drawn-out sets that were played over thirty-two games in all.

Finding the change from the lawn to the hard courts very unsuitable, Noor Mohamed was constantly mistaking the strokes, and taking the ball very late. But for his service which showed him a great deal, he would have found the first round very difficult indeed to survive.

As he advances in the tournament, Noor Mohamed is bound to get his form, and with the excellent strokes that he possesses he is bound to attract a great crowd of admirers.

The Bombay Provincial Lawn Tennis Association have been fortunate in getting the services of this excellent player for coaching the youngsters in the city throughout the month of February, and it is hoped that the efforts of the Provincial Association and the Cricket Club of India in bringing him out are fully availed of.

Pawar's steadiness took heavy toll of "Ginger" Khoo, who although he started well, could not do anything against Pawar, and ultimately succumbed to him in two straight sets.

In another interesting match Baliga, very cautious in his play, was one set up against N. D. G. Rao, but in the next the latter was leading five games to nil. Winning points after points by his steady retrieving, Baliga gradually reduced the margin game by game and won the next seven games off the reel to win the second set as well.

The business-like manner in which Panjwani started against Cooper, there was little doubt as to who the ultimate winner should have been. Hitting hard and deep, Panjwani left Cooper looking on a mere spectator of his brilliant forehand.

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"DAVIS CUP" FOR ATHLETICS URGED

Former Olympic Champion Sprinter's Suggestions

(From VERNON MORGAN, Reuter's Sports Editor)
LONDON, Jan. 24, (Reuter):—A suggestion comes from no lesser an Athletic Authority than the former Olympic Sprint Champion, Harold Abrahams, that there should be a "Davis Cup" for Athletics, an International Trophy for which all interested nations could compete.

There seems no reason why European Nations should not engage in a knockout competition to decide the Champion Nation of Europe and there were Zones, as in the big Lawn Tennis competition there could be a World Champion.

It should present no difficulty to transport Zone winners by air for the Inter-Zone final and Challenge Round. If anything were to come of such a suggestion it might be better if the contests were confined to relays and team events in track events and team aggregates in field events.

The thought of a fair trial of strength between nations than a series of straight events in which a nation with one or two brilliant performers might easily beat one with better all round talent.

A competition could indeed be held on the lines of the Oxford and Cambridge Inter-Varsity Relay contest which is held each year.

One can imagine such a competition proving extremely popular and preferable to the spasmodic International matches which are at present held between the various countries.

If necessary to avoid two best nations meeting in the first round, there could be a seed. And as for the suggestion that Countries knock-out in the first round would be left in the cold for the remainder of the season, it should be possible to run a subsidiary competition, as in the Lawn Tennis Championships at Wimbledon, for Nations eliminated in the first and second rounds.

Alternatively this Athletics contest could be held in addition to the existing International matches.

Apparently the holding of such a Championship lies with the European Commission, the Body responsible for European Athletic Competitions.

Enough Nations show interest in such an idea that seems no reason why it should not finally be realised.

And if such a competition were held for men there could be a similar one for women of all nations run on the same lines. Or it might be a mixed competition with men and women running together.

Of each sex from each nation. Two of "Mixed Doubles" or whole teams of Men and Women might compete in the same competition.

Personal preference is for two entirely different tournaments, one for men only and the other for Women only. Will such a scheme ever come to fruition? We shall see.

MADRAS ANTI-RACING BILL BECOMES LAW

Sub-Committees Formed

BOMBAY, Tuesday. The Madras Anti-Racing Bill, which is now being passed by the Madras Legislative Council (Upper House), has been divided into two sub-committees for consideration.

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BOMBAY HOCKEY LEAGUE

Goa XI Beat Railways In Practice Game

BOMBAY, Tuesday. On the B.P.H.A. ground this evening in a practice game Goa XI earned an easy victory over the Combined Railways side beating them by five goals to one in a rather tame encounter.

Goa XI scored their first goal through Lenny D'Souza off a penalty. The penalty was awarded against Mullia who stopped the ball with his knee and had to leave the field for good.

Munir took the bull by the horns and scored the first goal for Goa. The Railways equalized through Sanyal in the initial half.

On resumption Goa XI soon settled down and A. Braganza scored while a few minutes later Gomez, who was making some good runs, scored the third goal for his side.

Five minutes later Walter D'Souza scored the fourth goal for Goa off a penalty. The fifth goal for Goa to complete the tally for his side.

Earlier in the evening Bombay Area Army beat Bhimraj Sports Club by four goals to two in the league tie for the division championship.

Between the winners of the three sections of the Second Division. In the first half B.A.A. scored twice while Bhimraj scored once.

Alarance scored for B.A.A. while Bhimraj reduced the margin.

In the second half Piyarela scored for B.A.A. off a short corner and Clarence completed B.A.A. total of four while Kadum reduced the margin for Bhimraj.

HOCKEY AT PAREL

The following results of the matches played at Parel this evening:

Senior Division:
B. E. S. T. Nil; C. P. R. Nil.
B. E. S. T. Nil; C. P. R. Nil.

Intermediate Division:
B. E. S. T. Nil; C. P. R. Nil.
B. E. S. T. Nil; C. P. R. Nil.

Junior Division:
B. E. S. T. Nil; C. P. R. Nil.
B. E. S. T. Nil; C. P. R. Nil.

Inter-College Hockey
In the Inter-Collegiate Hockey Tournament this evening Poda College got the better of Ruia College beating them by two goals to nothing.

After a blank half in which both sides failed to hit and run tactics Poda College against the run of play got both their goals in the second half through Eddie D'Souza and Engineer.

Bombay Tops List In Inter-Varsity Games
LUCKNOW, Jan. 24 (AP): The 8th Inter-University Olympic games in which nine Indian Universities namely: Bombay, Calcutta, Allahabad, Utkal, Benares, Agra and Lucknow took part opened here today.

Bombay predominated on the first day. T. S. Cheema (Bombay) won the high jump final covering 5 ft. 8 1/2 inches.

L. S. Ahluwalia won the 800 metre race covering the distance in two minutes 45 seconds.

T. S. Cheema won the 100 yard dash in 14 1/2 seconds.

East Punjab won the 100 yard dash in 14 1/2 seconds.

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Bombay Races

HANDICAPS FOR FIRST BIG MEETING

The following are the handicaps for Bombay Races, First Day, to be held on Saturday, January 29:

THE INDIAN OAKS. (Terms-Indian Fillies, 4 years old only). About 1-1/2 Miles.

Liberty Belle 8-7, Sweet Maryla 8-7, Shubb Luxmi 8-7, Ma Cherie 8-7, Breve Anna 8-7, Pitna 8-7, Big Hearted 8-7.

THE C. N. WADIA GOLD CUP. (Horses, C and I). About 1-1/2 Miles.

Reddy 10-12, Shahi Bag 10-9, Sireon 10-10, Laxmi Vilas 9-6, Taisch 9-3, Priorate 8-3, Jeanne d'Arc 8-1, Royal Jester 8-1, Cockpit 8-1, Truman 8-9.

THE MITHALAK PLATE. (Horses, C and I). 7 Furlongs.

Crystal 8-7, Aman 8-6, Parting Summer 8-7, Rini Jim 8-11, Fair Haven 8-5, Ma'maselle 8-5, Post Master 8-2, Sunbathing 7-13, Snehabraha 7-11, Separated 7-10, Boops' Fancy 7-10, Simon's Sister 7-6, Je Revue 7-4, Rao Saheb 7-2, Foxbrise 7-1, Panka 7-0.

Two Top Weights not accepting weights to be raised 1 lb.

THE KOWASHEE JEHANGIR PLATE. (Indian Horses, C and I). 1-1/4 Miles.

King Sheridan 9-2, Dinar 9-2, Fay Master 8-4, Near Image 8-1, Black Page 8-13, Cockpit 8-12, Truman 8-9, Stylish Lady 8-8, The Judge 8-8, Masked Player 8-5, Malakh 8-5, Chocolate Baby 8-4, Dragon Seed 8-3, Aan Baan 8-2, Once Again 8-1, Baaz Bahadur 8-10, Windsor Park 7-11, Sweet Seread 7-11, Here Again 7-7.

THE SIDA PLATE. (Indian Horses, C and I). 6 Furlongs, Division II.

Grace 9-2, Crescent 9-1, Mandil 8-13, My Pet 8-11, Ghisalla 8-11, Wood Nymph 8-10, Rashtapali 8-10, Blue Mist 8-9, Queen of Gwalior 8-8, Hikmet 8-7, Akash Deep 8-5, Gay Pilot 8-5, Abbess 8-4, Hooded Terror 8-4, End and 8-0, Patahka 7-13, Show On 7-12, Carnival Queen 7-12, Patent Bid 7-8.

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THE UDVA PLATE. (Indian Horses, 4 years old and over, C and V, Winners). 6 Furlongs, Division I.

Askia 9-0, Vie On 8-0, March On 9-13, Rival 8-13, Pearling 8-10, Blue Arrow 8-10, Crown of Kollap 8-10, Big Hearted 8-9, Trunk Call 8-9, Navroze 8-7, Pearl Mahal 8-6, Vagabond Queen 8-3, Plucky Princess 8-3, Prince 8-3.

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NARROWER BATS WILL GIVE BOWLERS SOME CHANCE

Ball With Extra Seam To Be Tried Out Next June

By Vernon Morgan, Reuter's Sports Editor.

LONDON, Jan. 23 (Reuter): The worldwide spate of high scoring, with the great supremacy of the batsman over the bowler in the highest class of cricket, has led to new suggestions for narrowing this difference and brightening cricket generally.

Walter Robins, a former Middlesex Captain and one of the leading advocates of brighter cricket, has put forward a suggestion for a narrower ball—three and a quarter inches against the present four and a quarter. Various changes have been made in cricket such as the width of the wicket, the size of the ball, the leg before wicket rule and so on, but the bat has not varied in size since 1874.

Robins, in making this novel suggestion declared, "yes after years of batting averages grow bigger and there seems no limit unless something is done. The narrow bat would prevent centuries being made by inferior batsmen, would give the batsman a chance, and would lead to more completed games."

Naturally, this suggestion coming from such an important cricket personality as Robins, has received careful consideration in the British Press, but, on balance, there does not seem to be any decided move in favour of it.

Batsmen naturally are against it and bowlers generally for it, but there are sundry qualifications to its support. There are, of course, the usual staunch conservatives who would be against any change in the game whatever it was who say that the game of cricket is "right as it is and are opposed to tinkering with its laws. But even those who are ready for changes do not appear to be too sure that this is the true remedy.

Here are some of the observations made: It would end County and Club sports too quickly. It would prove discouraging to the Club batsmen who find it hard enough to score fifty with the bat as it is. The batsmen would still be able to hit the ball with the centre of the bat. It would not be too sure that this is the true remedy.

It would make sixes difficult to hit. It would tend to make all scoring strokes in front of the wicket. It would spoil the fluency of the best batsmen's strokes. Of course, the success or failure of the suggestion will depend on trial and error and not until someone has tried it out in first class and club cricket could any definite views be put forward.

Other proposals for improving the game are a ball with an extra seam and a plastic ball. These are being given a chance to prove their worth. The new ball, to be tried out by every first class County in their first two matches of the season in June and July, is a nine-cord thread instead of the normal eight. This is expected to give the bowlers more assistance, particularly to exponents of swing bowling. Another former Middlesex Captain, "Gubby" Allen, who also captained England, is responsible for the experiment. He got the idea when he picked up a 1936 ball, which he never used. It feels bigger, gives the bowlers something to get their fingers on and the bigger seam helps the ball to swing more. The plastic ball, which comes within the regulation weight and the appearance of a new leather ball, complete with stitches, has been tried out by Alf Gover, the former Surrey batsman, a fast bowler, who now concentrates on coaching.

The ball swings about even more than the ordinary type of ball when new, but the seam does not last so long. Finally in the cricket nests of the "wee", which includes a report from South Africa that the MCC are anxious to receive some kind of a bonus for the huge crowds they are attracting by Allen. He thinks the time has come when amateur cricket here in England will have to be paid on a broken time principle. He believes it is better to pay them for loss of time in business rather than lose them altogether, which, as things are going at present, looks a distinct possibility. Fewer and fewer spectators can now sit through their "unqualified" attention to the game. Already some counties have been forced to have professionals as Captains of their teams.

England Makes Five Changes in Rugby Team
LONDON, Jan. 24, (Reuter): After the defeat by Wales, England's Rugby Union selectors have made drastic changes for the match against Ireland in Dublin on February 12.

Five alterations have been announced, and one place is still to be filled.

TEAM:—W. Holmes, (Cambridge University), D. Swarbrick, (L. Canal), C. Van Ryneveld, (Oxford University), R. Kennedy, (Cambridge), N. Hall, (Huddersfield), A. Henderson, (Edinburgh Wanderers), T. Price, (Cheltenham), G. Hosking, (Devonport Services), J. George, (Palmouth), V. Roberts, (Penryn), D. Vaughan, (Reading) and another.

Kennedy who played at centre in all three trial games, and Kendall Carpenter are new Internationals.

Kendall Carpenter, one of the four Oxford players in the team, is regarded as amongst the fastest front row forwards in the game.

Photo Finish Aid Taken In Famous Trotting Race
PARIS, Jan. 23, (Reuter): Judges called for a photo-finish proof at Vincennes today before awarding Venator first place in front of the Mighty Ned in the 3,000,000 Francs Prix de l'Europe, the most important European Harbessed Trotting Race.

Venator, a six-year-old driven by F. Resaud, covered the distance in three minutes 40.05 seconds compared with the three minutes 40.4 seconds of Mighty Ned, a seven-year-old driven by V. Antonelli.

Raylands was third in three minutes 40.8 seconds.

The winner is by Florin out of La Marcellais and the Farinout Divided for a ten francs stake was 178 for the Win and 21, 13 and 18 for Places.

The Italian-owned but American-bred Mighty Ned was a two to one on favourite having won the race last year but today he had to give 25 Metres to the 17 other competitors all of whom started on the 2,600 Metres mark.

Venator was with the leaders from the start and Mighty Ned had made up most of his handicap by the half distance.

He drew level with Venator at the top of the hill and then engaged in a thrilling struggle for first place which the photo-finish gave to Venator.

New South Wales Assured Of Top Position In Table
BRISBANE, Jan. 25 (Reuter): Victoria who had forced Queensland to follow on had to be content with first innings points today in the Sheffield Shield match which ended here. As a result, New South Wales are now assured of finishing at the head of the table.

Queensland who had followed on 253 runs in arrears carried their second innings score to 431. When the match ended, Victoria had made 13 without loss.

With a mixture of drab and sparkling batting, Queensland mastered Victoria's array of test bowlers. The best partnership of the day was 130 in 80 minutes by Colin McCool, who hit 75 including 11 fours and Jack.

Earlier, Victoria had helped to pave the way for Queensland's big total with a patient knock of 81 in just over six hours.

Corbillion Cup Presents Selectors With Difficulty
LONDON, Jan. 25 (Reuter): Two of England's few remaining World Sports Titles will be in serious danger when they are defended in the World Table Tennis Championships in Stockholm next month.

The Corbillion Cup, the Women's Team Championship, which English players have won for the past two years, seems unlikely to be retained by a team which contains only one member of last year's victorious quartet, Peggy Franks.

The Bombay Chronicle

That so many of the poor should suffer from the cold what can we do to prevent?

To bring warmth to a single body is not much use.

I wish I had a big rug ten thousand feet long, which at one time, could cover up every inch of the city.

—Po Chu-I: Translation—Arthur Waley.

KASHMIR

Explaining the Kashmir situation at some length, Sheikh Abdullah at the Journalists' Union remarked that Kashmir was not like other States and that its special place should be recognized. He was perfectly clear as to what he meant by this. India he said, should not come in the way of the Kashmiris realizing their aspirations. The Kashmir National Conference has certain remarkable points of resemblance with the Red Shirts of the North-West Frontier Province. It is a unique movement for any Indian State and it is based on a fierce local patriotism. Under Sheikh Abdullah's leadership, it has come to regard Kashmir as a part of India. And it cannot be glossed over that feelings against the Maharaja of Kashmir have been very strong in the past. The National Conference has worked to a definite programme and it cannot, say, Sheikh Abdullah, be turned away from it. He specially referred to the decision to get rid of the Zamindars and Jagirdars who represent the vested interests of Kashmir. And he spoke with intense feeling of the attractions of India's declared goal of a secular State. Sheikh Abdullah asks for no privilege. He has asserted time and again that even if India should depart from that ideal, his following in Kashmir would stand firm by it. This he repeated when he maintained that, if Kashmir was not accorded an honoured place, he and his party would fight for that place. Thus, he brings the Kashmir State into the vanguard of India's national, progressive forces.

The Kashmir leader insisted that it was the political programme and the political ideology which would ultimately win the day and decide the future of Kashmir. And he made it very definite that a great responsibility lay with the Indian people to strengthen his hands and to help him in the political war. Kashmir is a big enough issue to rally all Indians on. It has been big enough for fourteen months of virtual war. Sheikh Abdullah warned his audience solemnly against any relaxation of effort because of the cease-fire. The seriousness of his appeal can best be testified to by the fact that he has felt it necessary to leave the State at this critical stage and come over to impress on the Indian people the need for a firm stand. In his estimate of the present position, he was realistic and clear-headed. The U. N. Commission, he said, had left a good deal of uncertainty. The method of administering the enemy-held territory was undecided. And in that there was room for further trouble. It was necessary, he said, to be prepared for any eventuality, even for war breaking out afresh. The insight which Sheikh Abdullah gave to the mind of the Kashmiri Nationalist, was revealing. It was with hope that he faced the future but it was also with preparedness for all the difficulties that lay ahead. Whether in war or in peace, the main burden fell on the people of the State. When he asked for Indian support, he asked for it not as a supplicant seeking a favour but as a comrade in the fight.

The answer of India to Sheikh Abdullah's appeal is emphatic. The Union Government has striven hard to secure the right of the Kashmir people to declare themselves in a free and full plebiscite. It is pledged to see that the State is free of all outside influence before the people are asked to record their verdict. So far as the internal structure of the Union is relevant to the decision, the goal of a secular State has been affirmed by all sections of the Indian people. Regarding the position of the different units, the Central Government has declared itself for their complete autonomy in so far as it does not run against the ideal of common nationality. For the rest, it is what the different elements make of the present situation. No one and no unit can ask for more than this, without detracting from the position and rights of other persons and other units. It has been stated time and again that the wishes of the people are paramount. Within the Indian Union, Kashmir will have the fullest freedom to develop to the extent of its capacity and the Kashmiri will not be discriminated against in any way. It is this which has attracted Sheikh Abdullah to espouse the cause of accession to the Indian Union; and there can be no departure from this policy.

All's Well

Mr. S. K. Patil has done the right thing in withdrawing the Congress candidate in the Bombay City South Muslim by-election to the Provincial Assembly and allowing Mr. Mehrali to get in unopposed. Although the decision is too late to allow the Congress candidate to withdraw effectively, the gesture is still a graceful one, and Mr. S. K. Patil's generous appreciation of Mr. Mehrali's record of public services removes all sense of conflict. It is, as it were, a welcome extended to an old colleague on his return to public life. And the welcome is all the warmer because there are no mental reservations attached to it. Mr. Mehrali has won the election. It may be said, on his Congress record, and he is not asked in any way to cut himself from his Socialist Party affiliations. This is further emphasised in the assertive statement issued by that party. The step is one which adds to the credit of the Congress.

There is one point of explanation which is necessary. Mr. Patil in his statement observes that it would be "unwise to make Muslims fight one another at this juncture". By itself the statement is meaningless. There is no reason why Muslims as such, at this or any juncture, should require to be protected from an election. On the other hand, there are several

reasons why the diversion of Muslim minds by the raising of communal issues should be well-combed and nothing could have done this better than an election contest on economic grounds. Nor has Mr. Patil improved matters by asserting that there is no issue in this election between the Congress and the Socialist Party. Instead of stating the position negatively, he should have boldly said that the communal electorate is a dying institution and probably this is one of the last elections on a communal basis; therefore, it was not thought proper for two nationalist, anti-communal parties to contest the seat. It is likely that self-effacement of Mr. Dedanwala will be lost sight of in the general enthusiasm at the peaceful settlement arrived at by the two parties. It must be no gratifying experience to be chosen as candidate and then subjected to public criticism. And from the fact that Mr. Mehrali was obviously the better candidate—it is hardly necessary even to say this—it is difficult to get over the fact that Mr. Dedanwala evoked no enthusiasm. He was pushed beyond his depth and every stage this painful fact struck out. We hope that in future greater care will be taken in putting up candidates for the Congress and that no election will be ignored as one in which the party is not interested.

TETE TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT

SHANGHAI, Jan. 24 (Reuter): Dr. T. T. V. S. Srinivasan, Governor of Kwantung Province, South China, arrived in Hongkong from Canton today.

Asked about his future plans, Dr. Srinivasan said he would wait and see what the next move in China brought.

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, speaking at Jamnagar, stressed the necessity of "free from civil strife, disorder and mutual dissensions for five years if the work of reconstruction was to be carried out successfully."

Leaders, heroes, sub-heroes, etc., etc., of civil strife, disorder and mutual dissensions are entitled to suspect a trap in this suggestion and to ask where they would be in five years.

"If," the Sadr added, "all this goes on how can we do the work of reconstruction on which the future of India depends?"

The question and its implications are all irrelevant except in the lighter and larger context of the future of the abovementioned heroes' respective missions.

That veteran Liberal, Mr. T. R. Venkatarama Sastri, said: "Mr. Golwalkar (the R.S.S. Guruji) himself should be asked to allow him to have consultations with his friends and advisers in the matter of framing and publishing a new constitution for his Sangha."

What appreciate the dear old gentleman's earnest concern, and worry. But he needn't worry. By the way, would Mr. Sastri get us the old constitution?

Speaking at the Central Advisory Council of Industries, Sir Ronald Mody said that he did not like the temper of the Government and the temper of industrialists also.

Personally, we don't like the temper of any group or any person, except our own.

According to a Karachi-Labour announcement, the G-G of Pakistan has directed the Governor of West Punjab to take over the administration of the Province under Sec. 93 pending fresh elections for the legislature.

What draws the Governor's attention, however, is the Governor-General's statement of reasons, and objects about it.

MONTHLY PERIODICALS

The strength of Maharashtra Jour-

nalism has indubitably in the often well-written and carefully edited monthly periodicals, one of two which are to be found in almost every middle-class home in the Deccan.

In raising this type of Journalism to a high level, Mr. N. C. Kelkar, contributed a great deal of his purposeful activity. The "Sanyadri", a periodical closely associated with his name, contains in its special number for January, entitled "The Madhya Bharat", a variety of articles from learned writers illustrating the present activities and the future possibilities of developing Central India.

It is a heavy reading but the Poona book like to take their literary efforts seriously. The "Manohar", another monthly which makes a lesser appeal to the elect but is popular with college students, has an informative character, and the manner in which college resources are held back by ignorant peasants in this country with the hope of obtaining higher prices.

The "Vasant", a monthly journal which specialises in a little short stories, has an excellent one, entitled "Writer and Patriot", by Mrs. Lalit-kumari Bhat. The manner in which she depicts incidents in middle-class life would go far. It is a refreshing feature of these monthly journals that a greater number of women writers contribute to them now.

JOURNALISTIC CENTURY

The daily press in the Deccan has given a fairly good summary of the Maharashtra Journalists' Conference, held at Sangli, under the chairmanship of Mr. Pandurang Vaman Gadgil, Editor of the Bombay daily "Lokmanya".

The best summary of the conference proceedings was given by the "Dnyanaprakash", a journal which has recently distinguished itself in pointing out editorially, the errors in policy and political ambition of the Hindu Mahasabha. On the 12th December, 1948, the Dnyanaprakash completed the hundredth anniversary of its existence. Congratulations have been showered on it for this journalistic century. During the last century, the Dnyanaprakash was associated with Indian nationalism which in the eyes of the nationalists of those days was weakly wedded to a policy of petition and protest.

And failing this, further lacunose protest. But throughout its career, the "Dnyanaprakash" has been a mine of information on many subjects of vital interest.

At the Sangli Conference where journalists from Maharashtra assembled recently to debate upon the rights, the obligations and the possibilities of the expansion of the Marathi press, its President, the late, "Pan-va" Gadgil, made the suggestion that the press in India should

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MIND OF MAHARASHTRA

(By Observer)

The great event of the fortnight which the Maharashtra Press has flashed with jubilant headlines is the withdrawal of the Satyagraha movement by the Rashtriya Swayamsevak Sangh, as ordered by Shri Mahadwaraj Golwalkar, the "Sanghachalaka" in a message from Nagpur on January 23. The news agencies have already published the message but it should be added, as the daily "Prabhat" points out, that it is due to the persistent efforts of Mr. O. V. Kethkar, the Editor of the "Kesari", that this happy event was brought about. He saw the head of the RSS movement in Keneel Jallin in the Central Provinces on the 12th and 19th January and persuaded him to withdraw the movement. Mr. Kethkar says, in a statement issued by him, "In regard to this matter, I have given nobody any promise in which I have not have the authority given any assurances." The "Kal" of Poona, a journal with noted sympathy for the "Sangh", has a more detailed message in its issue of the 23rd. It is stated that Mr. Kethkar had some weeks ago sent a wire to Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel before the Jaipur Congress, with a view to finding some common life between the two parties. To that wire Sardar Patel had sent a reply giving the reasons why the Government had banned the activities of the RSS.

MEDIATION AND AFTER

It was due to the advice of Mr. Mavankar, the Speaker of the Central Legislative Assembly, that the mediators could act in a manner assuring success. The "Kal" messages, however, states that "Government" only insists that the Sangha should have a constitution and that indirectly the Central Government has with drawn the case made against it.

In the Government statement which had made various accusations against the Sangh. It is remarkable that there is no feeling of the Sangh's leaders here over this termination of an unhappy episode. I am informed by friends in the C.P. who had an inkling of how matters would turn out, that the C.P. Government did their best to bring about a favourable atmosphere for the beginning of negotiations. The comments of the Poona press on the event are cautious and restrained. Much depends on the attitude of Mr. Bhopalkar and his Central Committee of the Hindu Mahasabha whose composition has announced today. If the Mahasabha takes the attitude that a victory over the Government has been obtained it would be difficult according to some seasoned political veterans. I have met to keep the rank and file of the Sangh from indulging in the kind of excesses they have been recently accustomed to.

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FRANKLY SPEAKING

A Wrong Approach

Mr. T. R. Venkatarama Sastri, President of the Liberal Federation, has asked for the release of R.S.S. workers now that the satyagraha movement has been called off by Mr. Golwalkar. The arrested and detained men have been dealt with under the law for offences that they committed. The calling off of the campaign does not mean that the Government are simply to let them go. Apart from Mr. Golwalkar's responsibility in launching such a movement there is the individual responsibility of those who took part in it, knowing fully that it was illegal. We can understand the case of students who were drawn into the agitation by interested parties, and it is known that they have been lightly dealt with. But to extend leniency to even the adult participants is simply to bring trouble. Mr. Venkatarama Sastri remarks that Mr. Golwalkar should be given an opportunity to consult his friends to frame and publish a new constitution for the R.S.S. Does this mean that the Government should let him go? And why does not Mr. Golwalkar make it clear himself without other people having to put his case for him? Mr. Venkatarama Sastri admits indirectly that the old constitution is bad. Then, surely, it is necessary to scrap it before framing a new one. The Liberal leader remarks that he cannot understand the Bombay Government's direction permitting convicted students to apply for the examinations and stating that they would be released on parole at the time of their examinations. He thinks that withdrawal of the satyagraha ought to bring about their release immediately. On the other hand, the Bombay Government has been extremely considerate, not to say lenient. If the examinations really mattered, the students should surely have thought of them before defying the law. Even now, it is open to any student to express regret and promise good behaviour in future and secure the freedom to do his papers. That the Bombay Government has not insisted on this, is proof of its being free from any taint of vindictiveness.

Army And Politics

General Cariappa, in his first press conference after assuming the office of India's Commander-in-Chief, stressed an important point when he asked that the army should be free from politics. Explaining his position, General Cariappa said that he did not mean by that a lack of interest in political matters but rather an attitude of detachment. At the same time he was insistent that there should be more contacts and better understanding between the armed forces and the public and he referred to the humanitarian work carried out by the Army in evacuating camps which had brought them in personal touch with civilians. As a matter of fact, the distinction between civilian and army man is largely artificial. It is assuming too much to say that the moment a man dons a uniform, he acquires a different character altogether from the one he had before. Nothing could be more fatal to the development of national unity than the

perpetuation of a military caste, isolated from the people. It is true that the sense of belonging to a unit which stands for organisation and strength does enter into men who wear a uniform, and the greater the organisation it symbolises the more it affects the individual's attitude to the rest of the country. But this is just the quality that has to be discouraged. General Cariappa spoke of the army's potentialities for social service. This, we take it, is more a question of men's attitude to the rest of the country, it is kept in mind, the gap that divides the army from the civilians, will be soon closed.

Experiment In Education

A new journalistic venture, "The Adventure of Education", has made its debut in Bombay. The journal, which is published under "the auspices of the Office of the Educational Adviser to the Bombay Government", will appear once every two months and will be devoted to the ideas and experiences of teachers. The first number is introduced by Bombay's Premier and Education Minister, contains a number of interesting articles from several well-known teachers from the Province. There has been written about educational experiments in other lands, but what is being tried out here itself rarely receives attention. For example, we are told of the Neale School where children are allowed to free hand and of how things are managed there. But here is something from the experience of Pundlik Katagade, a teacher among the criminal tribes, who will interest educationists the world over. Mr. Katagade is in the School for Children in need of Special Care tells us of the way in which the backward can be brought up to a fuller life. Nor are the experiences and suggestions of those who work among normal children—in the term applicable to any child?—any the less interesting. The wisdom of "utilisations like this coming out under official auspices is doubtful but there is no field in which it can be more justified than in Education. It should be forgotten that this opens up a new avenue for teachers who rarely find opportunities to explain their difficulties and their hopes to a worthwhile audience.

The Japanese Election

It was perhaps the psychological influence of Communist victories in China that led a number of correspondents to predict the possibility of a close contest between the Communist and other parties in the Japanese election. It is the Premier's own Democratic Liberal Party, essentially conservative, that has emerged victorious by far an absolute majority that cannot be assailed. To that extent Japan may be regarded as having moved further towards liberal government. But it is equally significant—apart from heavy losses suffered both by Socialists and extreme right-wingers masquerading as "democrats"—that the Communist have gained 38 seats as against the four

that they had held in the last Diet. This is rightly interpreted as the sense of the Communist as a political force in Japan. General MacArthur is reported to be very pleased with the results of Japan's decisive verdict and choice. It may be so. But this verdict can be set aside and a permanent choice be made by the country if Japan and her people are not given by their victorious rulers a new and decent opportunity for rehabilitation as a self-respecting nation and for progress both political and economic.

Hopeful Prospects

Latest reports from China encourage hopes of a peaceful and satisfactory settlement of that unfortunate country. The acting President has, by way of paving the way for negotiations removed a number of reactionary reservations that had been imposed on China and its people. He is also credited with the intention of getting rid of the conservative right-wing members of the Cabinet. Meanwhile he has very wisely contacted "third party" leaders who in the past had repeatedly tried to make the bridge between the Communists and the Kuomintang and their respective policies and programmes. It is gratifying that they have responded to China's distress call. Nor have the Communists failed to respond to Generalissimo's appeal to them. They too have appeared to five men of good will for peace talks when they could easily have been tempted to refuse General Li's appeal and demand complete capitulation by the Nationalist Government. All these leads one to hope that there will emerge from the negotiations the peace that China needs for true democratic progress.

Drastic But Necessary

Internal difficulties and troubles in Western Punjab were proved some months ago by the very striking results of Muslim League election when the opposition section came out victorious over the official League and its erstwhile supporters. A rot set in long ago. And it has been growing steadily worse ever since. The body politic was full of cankers of all sorts. And the Governor-General of Pakistan reveals them all when he explains in his communique how public life had been "demoralised by corruption", and the services "destroyed by intrigues", how the administration was carried on for the benefit of a few without any attention to the hopes and needs of the people and how members of the legislature had lost all sense of their "greater responsibilities". The drastic action taken by the Governor-General, namely, placing the administration under the Governor under Section 13 of the 1935 Act, is a measure of the desperate situation in the Punjab. Let us hope the immediate remedy followed by a general election will cure Western Punjab and save its political and national life from relapse. And, incidentally, the cankers referred to in the communique are not special to Western Punjab alone. Is the North-West Frontier Province free from any of them?

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Side-Light On Brelvi

Sir,—I was present when Syed Abdullah Brelvi was spat on the face while he went to register his vote in favour of Mr. Hooseibhoy Laljee contesting against the late Mr. M. A. Jinnah during the last elections to the Central Legislature. The Muslim League was all powerful and on that day were mobilised all these dare-devils who would tear anyone to smithereens, who dared to say no to the great Quaid-e-Azam. The Polling Booth at Anjuman-e-Islam High School was a most dangerous spot for non-League's. Faces would go red-hot with rage, a titanic wave of rowdism would break if anyone was seen with Lalji's card. He would be violently pushed hither and thither, receive bitter blows of revenge, ears and hands severely twisted, clothes mercilessly torn, and by the time he got out on the road he was more than half dead. The police were hopelessly ineffective in the matter of the Muslim League leaders did try to control the surging mass of rowdies, but they were beyond control of any power on earth.

Syed Abdullah Brelvi bravely led his own face to the danger. He could have easily avoided it on that day. He could have pretended to have been indisposed as actually one very prominent Nationalist Muslim leader did. But Brelvi would not stoop to that. He had given a word to Laljee. Besides, it was a matter of principle to vote against the Muslim League. Come what may, Brelvi must vote.

Often it is said that Brelvi avoided conflicts. It is also true that he could not be easily persuaded to preside over or address public meetings in Muslim localities when the Muslim League influence was at its height. He would not go out of his way to provoke anger and resentment; but it would be wrong to say that Brelvi was afraid of his opponents, even when they were violent. An occasion demanded he would plunge into the fray. He would appear to be an antithesis of the way of life for which he stood. But even in the midst of fire he would not deviate from his angelic qualities. Thus on the day of the last election to the Central Legislature he plunged into a raging fire, unmindful of the consequences. It

characterised what Brelvi could be in most trying circumstances. I was accidentally present at the place where Mr. Brelvi got down from his car. As usual, he smiled on me. "You are taking a risk here," he said. "But you have entered into a still greater risk," was my reply. "That is all right," he smiled.

Suddenly the glances of the rowdies fell upon Brelvi. They knew whom he would vote for. Besides, he had in his hand Mr. Laljee's card. The crowd of rowdies turned dourly, moved towards him with "Brelvi Murdabad" "Congress Murdabad", "Laljee Murdabad" and "Quaid-e-Azam Zindaabad". In an instance they were around Mr. Brelvi. They jostled him, pushed him, somebody tried to blow at him, a few were after his shirt, and his Khaddar Cap to tear them into pieces and perhaps toss them in the air for fun. But Brelvi remained calm, collected, composed and smiling.

Someone could not simply tolerate Brelvi's smiling non-violence. Out of inordinate spite and revenge he spat on Brelvi's face. Brelvi did not even look at him who had performed this atrocious act. Quietly Brelvi took out his handkerchief, wiped his face and tried to proceed. Someone else could not bear this behaviour of Brelvi too. He dared at Brelvi with the intention of kicking him as if he were a contemptible dog. But Mr. Chundrigar, the then President of the Bombay Provincial Muslim League, and a few decent Muslim League members rushed to his rescue.

Someone suggested to him that it would be better if he went back but Brelvi refused. He had to vote in spite of all that was happening. With superhuman efforts Brelvi was escorted to the polling booth, where he registered his vote, and back to his car on the main road. After a week I met Mr. Brelvi at his office. I was bitter for what had happened at Anjuman-e-Islam High School, but not a tinge of bitterness or malice or rancour was found in Brelvi's voice. He did not even like my feelings in the matter. With a placid look he said: "That was all expected. Why worry about it? Everything will be all right one day." With a characteristic smile he changed the topic. Yours, etc. ADAM ADIL

Burma News Letter

SPORADIC FIGHTING REPORTED NEAR RANGOON

Karen-Mon Insurgents Occupy Bilugyun Port

RANGOON, January 15: The week ending today must be taken as pregnant with many disturbing news and important events. The excitement and scare caused by the insubordinate activities of the insurgents have persisted throughout the week, even increased at the week-end with the news from the districts, especially those of the Lower Burma and Irrawaddy delta regions, came to Burma. The insurgency of the Karen extremists has been on the flood tide. Engagements between the Karen insurgents and the Government troops were reported even from the outskirts of Rangoon itself. Although sporadic fighting was reported at the very doors of Rangoon, the people of Rangoon did not evince a deterioration of the city life. The city has gone on undisturbed. But in the hearts of the citizens there have long since been a throb of fear and excitement.

INSURGENTS' SURPRISE ATTACK

The week under review began with the election of Mon insurgents occupying Bilugyun, an island of the Salween, near Moulmein the third port of Burma, after a short surprise attack. The insurgent occupation of Bilugyun made the situation in Moulmein rather delicate. The Government reinforcements were expeditionally despatched. The fall of Bilugyun was soon followed by the fall of Moulmein and the surrounding villages. The return of the Government troops had occasioned many armed engagements. A host of reports of atrocities if the insurgents and also of drastic actions of the Government troops towards the insurgents, causing much fear and aggravation of the relations between the Burmese and Karens.

These unhappy incidents have aggravated the Karen-Burmese relationship, and the problem of a Karen separate state has been rendered more difficult of solution. Yet there are many redeeming features. News had accordingly laying down their arms after a "cease-fire" in Rangoon itself it was reported that the Government leaders were holding top-level conferences for the ending of the Government-PVO clash and the Karen insurrection.

MISSION SUCCESSFUL

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It may be recalled that the YEBAWS, the members of the People's Volunteer Organisation (PVO) who had agreed to return from the woods had suddenly reappeared leaving a statement that they were not satisfied with the Government terms of settlement. The people were surprised and disappointed that the settlement which was about to come

to a successful end should have ended into a fiasco. The ten-point demand of the PVO were demanded by the Burmese papers and many of them recommended that they should be accepted by the Government in view of the present situation and also because of the reasonableness of the demand. The demand includes the abolition of the much-criticised repressive laws and the formation of a leftist coalition government.

JUST A FEW DAYS AFTER the mysterious disappearance of the PVO, Bo Po Kun, the chief of the PVO who was supposed to have gone underground along with his followers, came back from Bassein. He revealed that he did not "take to the woods", as was supposed, but he toured the delta towns in an effort to bring about a real settlement between the Government and the PVO. He said that between the PVO and the Government, Bo Po Kun said he would do everything possible within his power and influence to effect a rapprochement between the PVO and the Government. He said that Bo Po Kun's statement, it transpired that the Government leaders were met Thakin Nu on the PVO question.

With the completion of the peace settlement with the PVO, the Government leaders might consider the question of the Karen insurrection. If the Karen insurrectionists, and for that matter the Communists, could not be brought round to a peaceful settlement, the Government might enlist the help of the PVO to suppress the unruly elements, and the PVO would certainly prove valuable.

But the final word will have to be given by Thakin Nu and in that case, the matter will be do-or-die. Probably, because the Premier will return from the Kachin State only during the next week. The "Manao" in which Thakin Nu was participating was held annually by the Kachin community as one of the pre-war festivals of the year. It is a religious festival, but it is also a social function, where the goodwill of the neighbours is expressed in a hearty participation. All the principal participants are required as a rule to dance at the "Manao", preferably dressed in the native costume of the Kachins. Thakin Nu dressed like a Kachin chief participated in the communal dance together with other leaders, including Daw Chin Kyi (Mr. Aung San), in a spirit of brotherhood.

CRISIS MAY CROP UP

Awaiting Thakin Nu is another "burning" question—the CLA cut of the Government workers. The reduction of pay and allowances of the Government servants, due to a deficit of Government budget, effected on the New Year's Day, has affected the low-salaried personnel. The ABMSU has taken up the matter and the question will have to be faced by the Government as immediately as possible, or else the general strikes might dislocate the governmental machinery and the situation might be aggravated. The Karen and Communist insurrections are now in full swing, and if the Government is not quick in dealing with the question of Government workers and thus prevent a possible strike, there might crop up a crisis which it may find it difficult to meet.

Milk, MAHOMED JAFFAR was con
s simple imprisonment and fined Rs
e month's rigorous imprisonment

PRODUCE MARKET

Bombay, Jan. 25
Normal trading was resumed today in the Castorseeds Forward market. The Board has banned all teji-mandi transactions and members as well as sub-brokers are asked not to have any dealings in the other market. It was talked that the Board was asked by the Government to take necessary steps. Castorseeds May delivery opened at about Rs. 134 and declined to Rs. 133-90 and rallied at Rs. 133-12. Groundnuts and Linseed Markets were quietly steady with restricted business. Quotations were as follows:

GROUNDNUTS--		
Khandan quality	35	0 0
Coromandal	34	12 0
Bold ready	34	9 0
Bold Dec-Jan	34	9 0
Bold Feb-March	34	6 0
CASTORSEEDS--		
May delivery	133	11 0
Ready	28	0 0
INSEEDS--		
Ready	26	6 0
Feb-March	26	8 0
April-May	26	8 0
GROUNDNUT OILS--		
Ready Receipts	19	15 0
January	19	13 0
February	19	14 0
March	19	13 0
Linseed oil	16	8 0
Castorseed oil first pressing	19	0 0
Castorseed oil Commercial		
quality	17	8 0
Gingellyseed	225	2 30

NEW YORK PEPPER INACTIVE.
NEW YORK, Jan. 24.
Black pepper closed inactive and unchanged to 300 points lower on the New York spot market today.
The spot market was dull and easier with sellers offering small lots at one to two points lower than last week's new low for the movement.
In the shipment market, pepper due to arrive from the East Indies "range" was offered at 62 cents per pound.
Trade sources on Monday estimated that the pepper supply at the New York market was 1,800 tons. The total supply in the estimated Indian crop 20,500 tons and the carryover of 2,300 tons; Indonesian supplies at 10,000 tons. They estimate that over 6,000 tons. Calculating the world's absorption at no less than 10,000 tons, they estimate this leaves a surplus at 20,800 tons.
Closing prices included:
January 45; February 45; May 48; September 46; October 45.
In the spot market, black was at 74 cents and white at 74 cents.

LONDON PEPPER PRICES.
LONDON, Jan. 24.
Pepper prices turned irregular in the London market today with Singapore quoting black ester at 3/1, but nte was quoted at 3/11.
Malabar, London basis, was extremely lie but January was nominally quoted at 3s0. Jan./March 300 to 305.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.
London, Jan. 24.

Consols 2-1/2 p.c.	#	50-1/4
Conversion Loan 3-1/2 p.c.		
1961		105-15/16
War Loan 4 p.c. 1960/90		114-3/8
4 1/2 p.c. 1952		
and after		103-5/8
Bank of China & Shanghai Bank		
(London Reg.)		106-1/2
International Bank of India		39-1/2
Transactions on the London Stock		
exchange are officially placed at 8.311		

LONDON EXCHANGES.
London, Jan. 24.

T. T. London on		
New York Selling	4.0275.	Buying
US\$35; Montreal Selling	4.0275.	Buying
US\$35; Zurich Selling	17.94.	Buying
US\$35; Stockholm	14.47 to 14.90.	

LONDON BULLION
London, Jan. 24.

Silver spot and forward	102 1/2
Gold bars fine per oz.	£2-12-3

High Cotton Price Exports

ELY STEADY WITH HIGHER

NEW YORK COTTON CLOSINGS.		New York, Jan. 24.
March		32.86 + 13
March	Highest	32.87 + 14
March	Lowest	32.73 - 01
May		32.60 + 11
July		31.45 + 09
October		28.72 + 11
December		28.48 + 09
Middling	Spot	33.91 + 16

NEW ORLEANS COTTON CLOSINGS	
March	32.84+04
May	32.62+10
July	31.44+09
October	28.71+10
Midlinks Spot	32.95+05

WALL STREET MARKET

The firmness and activity in steels matured an otherwise quietly mixed market. Steels showed gains ranging one point.

One point of more led by United States Steel Corporation wherein buyers were considering dividend possibilities at the meeting on January 25th elsewhere changes were mostly fractional and well divided with numerous group trends vague. The averages were Industrials 181.4 and rails 53.94. In the afternoon pressure occasionally increased and by the fifth hour

ses of mostly fractions were in the majority. Most earlier firm steels were now under the day's best notwithstanding the record tonnage outlook this week. Operators noted the reports that all operating economies and higher freight-rates may only partially offset the revenue drop in the first half of January because of lower traffic compared with the same 1948 period. The market closed barely steady with the

CHICAGO GRAINS
CHICAGO, Jan. 24.
 The market displayed a firmer tone
 commission house buying and short-
 covering stimulated by inclement wea-
 over the major grain producing
 states and the forecast of a cold wave
 new mills, more seedlings with human

our firms were creditor with buying
 agent in anticipation of additional ex-
 port business. Subsequently the market
 based on increased profittaking and
 less persistent commercial demand.

M. Gopaldas and Co.

M. Gopelads and Co.
 —To Mombasa:—60 cases Glass Globes—Shantall Glass Works
 and Co., 20 cases Glass Globes—Shantall and Co.
 S.S. TAURINA
 —To Trieste:—50 bales Cotton —E. T. Robertson and Son
 —To Genoa:—600 bales Cotton —Volkart Bros.
 S.S. VIRGINIA MAY
 To Karachi:—6 cases Epsom A. Gulam Hussein
 S.S. HEIMVARD
 To Rotterdam:—300 bales C. W.—M. Chandulal and Co.
 BY AIR
 To Karachi:—34 cases Aniline —Amritlal and Co. Ltd.

Arrivals And Departures
Steamers

ARRIVALS
KING ALFRED from Galveston
 Jan 24 with 9000 tons wh
 (Agents: T.M.).
BRAZIL from Bahia on Jan

ARRIVALS
KING ALFRED from Galveston
 Jan 24 with 3000 tons wharf
 (Agents: T.M.).
BARABAD from Basrein on Jan.
 with 12,370 tons fuel and diesel
 (Agents: Calcutt).
JALAKETU from Sydney on Jan.
 with 6873 tons locomotives and general cargo. (Agents: Scindias).
BADAREER from Abadan on J.
 with 21,716 tons kerosene and diesel oil. (Agents: Burmah Shell).
LURUOM from Hamburg on Jan.
 25 with 8885 tons general cargo. (Agents: Volkart Brothers).
HOBGE SILVERSTAR from Aden on Jan. 25 with 3848 tons diesel oil. (Agents: Volkart Bros.).
DEPARTURES
HEATHER for Cochin on Jan.
 with 250 tons general cargo.
QUERIMBA for Basrah on Jan.
 with 250 tons general cargo.
EXAMINER for Calcutta on J.
 25 with 4500 tons general cargo.
PORT ST. REGIS for Calcutta
 25 with general cargo.
LOND GLANDY for Vancouver
 Jan. 24 in ballast.
TAYBARK for Calcutta on Jan.
 with general cargo.
CITY OF ST. ALBANS for Liv

CITY OF ST. ALBANS, for Liv
pool on Jan. 24 with 2581 tons g-

CITY OF ST. ALBANS, for Liv
pool on Jan. 24 with 2581 tons g-
ral cargo.

We give below the latest infor-
tion regarding vessels due to arrive
and sail from Bombay under
Agency of Messrs. Volkart Brothers

DUE TO ARRIVE AT BOMBAY
From U.S.A. Pacific Coast:
"Manx Fisher" due 30th Jan.

"Sarangan" due 2nd Feb. s.s. "Hoo"
"Silvercloud" due 23rd Feb.

"Sarangani" due 2nd Feb. s.s. "Hoo
Silvercloud" due 23rd Feb.
"Lawak" due 28th Feb.
From U.S. Atlantic Coast: s.s. "C
panas" due 30th Jan. s.s. "Britta"
1st Feb. s.s. "Riouw" due 18th Feb.
From Rotterdam/Antwerp:
"Amstelveen" due 6th Feb.
From Persian Gulf via Karachi
s.s. "Lemsterkerk" due 2nd Feb.

ker" due 15th Feb.

"Leersum" due 15th Feb. s.s. "Leon-
 ker" due 15th Feb.
 From Italy: s.s. "Taurinia" due 3
 Jan. s.s. "Timavo" due 31st Jan.
 "Sparta" due 23rd Feb.
 DUE TO SAIL FROM BOMBAY
 For Calcutta via Colombo:
 "Leersum" sails 4th Feb. s.s. "Ams-
 veen" sails 18th Feb. s.s. "Hoegh"
 "verclound" sails 2nd March. s.s. "
 wak" sails 12th March.

For U.S. Pacific Coast: s.s. "Hoo
Merchant" sails 2nd Feb. s.s. "L"

For U.S. Pacific Coast: s.s. "Hobbs" calls 2nd Feb. s.s. "Leobok" calls 15th Feb.
For Mediterranean and North Central Ports: s.s. "Lemsterkerk" calls 8th Feb. s.s. "Leonkerk" calls 21st Feb.
For Italy: s.s. "Taurinia" calls Feb. s.s. "Timavo" calls 8th Feb. "Sparta" calls 2nd March.

For Persian Gulf via Karachi:
"Sarangan" sails 13th Feb.

Britain's Raw Jute Stocks At Low Level
LONDON, Jan. 2
Britain's raw jute stocks are at a low level, according to a report from the Jute Association.

record-low level of 24,500 tons, according to official returns published

This represents a reduction of 140,000 tons since the end of 1954 and the decline is attributed to changes in distribution consequent upon the partition of India.

now alleviate some of these difficulties. They said British deputat

now alleviate some of these difficulties. They said British deputations would visit Pakistan and India separately with a view to safeguarding and possibly increasing supplies." The quarters said Britain's quota for Pakistan for the second half of the season remains unchanged at 37,000 tons.

THE EXCHANGE BANK OF INDIA & AFRICA

**THE EXCHANGE BANK
OF INDIA & AFRICA
LIMITED
BOMBAY.**

Subject to Audit, the working
the Bank for the year ended 31
December 1948 has resulted in a
profit of Rs. 5,08,938-15-10 (Includ

a sum of Rs. 2,533-6-1 brought forward from the last year's account

a sum of Rs. 2,533-6-1 brought to
ward from the last year's account.
The Directors propose to dispose
the amount as under:—

To transfer to Reserve Fund (making it Rs. 7,50,000)	Rs. 2,00,000
To pay Dividend at the rate of 4% on Cum- ulative Preference	

Shares of the year
1948 (free of in-
come tax) £ 15,050

Shares of the year 1948 (free of income-tax)	Rs. 18,252
To pay Dividend at the rate of 3% on Ordinary Shares (free of income-tax)	Rs. 78,355
To transfer to provision for taxation	Rs. 2,00,000
To carry forward the balance to the next	

balance to the
year's account Ra. \$4,331.7

balance to the
 year's account Rs. 14,321/-
 P. 2,03,338-10
 By Order of the Board
 J. M. AKHANEY,
 Managing Director
 Bombay, 25-1-1948.

U. N. Bid For Peace In Indonesia

FULL TEXT OF FOUR-NATION DRAFT RESOLUTION

(FOLLOWING IS THE FULL TEXT OF THE DRAFT RESOLUTION ON INDONESIA PRESENTED TO THE SECURITY COUNCIL ON FRIDAY, JANUARY 21, BY THE UNITED STATES, CHINA, NORWAY AND CUBA.)

Recalling its resolution of 1. August, 1947, 25 August 1947, and 1 November 1947, with respect to the Indonesian question.

Taking note with approval of the reports submitted to the Security Council by its Committee of Good Offices for Indonesia.

Considering that its resolutions of 24 December, 1948 and 28 December, 1948 have not been fully carried out.

Considering that continued occupation of the territory of the Republic of Indonesia by the armed forces of the Netherlands is incompatible with the restoration of good relations between the parties and with the final achievement of a just and lasting settlement of the Indonesian dispute.

Considering that the establishment and maintenance of law and order throughout Indonesia is a necessary condition to the achievement of the expressed objectives and desires of both parties.

RENVILLE AGREEMENT

Noting with satisfaction that the parties continue to adhere to the principles of the Renville Agreement and agree that free and democratic elections should be held throughout Indonesia for the purpose of establishing a constituent assembly at the earliest practicable date, and further agree that the Security Council should arrange for the observation of such elections by an appropriate agency of the United Nations, and that the representative of the Netherlands has expressed his Government's desire to have such elections held not later than October 1, 1949.

Noting also with satisfaction that the Government of the Netherlands plans to transfer sovereignty to the United States of Indonesia by January 1, 1950, if possible, and in any case, during the year 1950.

Conscious of its primary responsibility for the maintenance of international peace and security, and in order that the rights, claims and position of the parties may not be prejudiced by the use of force:

1. Calls upon the Government of the Netherlands to insure the immediate discontinuance of all military operations, calls upon the Government of the Republic simultaneously to order its armed adherents to cease guerrilla warfare, and calls upon both parties to co-operate in the restoration of peace and the maintenance of law and order throughout the area affected.

RELEASE ALL POLITICALS

2. Calls upon the Government of the Netherlands to release immediately and unconditionally all political prisoners arrested by them since 17 December, 1948 in the Republic of Indonesia, and to permit the officials of the Government of the Republic of Indonesia to return

at once to Jogjakarta in order that they may discharge their responsibilities under Paragraph 1 above in order to exercise their appropriate functions in full freedom, including administration of the city of Jogjakarta. The Netherlands authorities shall afford to the Government of the Republic of Indonesia such facilities as may reasonably be required by that Government for its effective function in Jogjakarta and for communication and consultation with all persons in Indonesia;

3. Recommends that, in the interest of carrying out the expressed objectives and desires of both parties to establish a federal, independent, and sovereign United States of Indonesia at the earliest possible date, negotiations be undertaken as soon as possible by representatives of the Government of the Netherlands and representatives of the Republic of Indonesia referred to in Paragraph 4 below on the basis of the principles set forth in the Linggadjati and Renville Agreements, and taking advantage of the extent of agreement reached between the parties regarding the proposals submitted to them by the United States representative on the Committee of Good Offices on September 10, 1948. And in particular, on the basis that:

ESTABLISH INTERIM FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

A. The establishment of the interim federal Government which is to be granted the powers of internal Government in Indonesia during the interim period before the transfer of sovereignty shall be the result of the above negotiations and shall take place not later than March 15, 1949;

B. The elections which are to be held for the purpose of choosing representatives to an Indonesian constituent assembly should be completed by October 1, 1949; and

C. The transfer of sovereignty over Indonesia by the Government of the Netherlands to the United States of Indonesia should take place at the earliest possible date and in any case not later than 1 July, 1950;

Provided that if no agreement is reached by one month prior to the respective dates referred to in subparagraphs A, B and C above the Commission referred to in Paragraph 4-A below or such other United Nations agency which may be established in accordance with Paragraph 4-C below, shall immediately report to the Security Council with its recommendations for a solution of the difficulties;

4-A. The Committee of Good Offices shall henceforth be known as the United Nations Commission for Indonesia. The Commission shall act as the representative of the Security Council in

Indonesia and shall have all of the functions assigned to the Committee of Good Offices by the Security Council since December 18, and the functions conferred on it by the terms of this resolution. The Commission shall act by majority vote, but its reports and recommendations to the Security Council shall present both majority and minority views if there is a difference of opinion among the members of the Commission.

B. The consular commission is requested to facilitate the work of the United Nations Commission for Indonesia by providing military observers and other staff and facilities to enable the Commission to carry out its duties under the Council's resolutions of 24 and 28 December 1948 as well as under the present resolution, and shall temporarily suspend other activities;

C. The Commission shall assist the parties in the negotiations to be undertaken under Paragraph 3 above and is authorized to make recommendations to them or to the Security Council on such matters within its competence, upon agreement being reached in such negotiations the Commission shall make recommendations to the Security Council as to the nature, powers, and functions of the United Nations agency which should remain in Indonesia to assist in implementation of the provisions of such agreement until sovereignty is transferred by the Government of the Netherlands to the United States of Indonesia;

D. The Commission shall have authority to consult with representatives of areas in Indonesia other than the Republic and representatives of such areas may be permitted to participate in the negotiations referred to in Paragraph 3 above;

OBSERVATION OF ELECTIONS

E. The Commission or such other United Nations agency as may be established in accordance with its recommendations under Paragraph 4-C above is authorized to observe on behalf of the United Nations the elections to be held throughout Indonesia and to make recommendations regarding the conditions necessary (a) to ensure that such elections are free and democratic, and (b) to guarantee freedom of assembly, speech and publication at all times, provided that such guarantee is not construed so as to include the advocacy of violence or reprisals;

F. The Commission should assist in achieving the earliest possible restoration of the civil administration of the Republic. To this end it shall, after consultation with the parties, recommend the extent to which, consistent with reasonable requirements of public security and the protection of life and property, areas controlled by the Republic under the Renville Agreement (outside of the city of Jogjakarta) should be progressively returned to the administration of the Government of the Republic of Indonesia and shall supervise such trans-

ASIAN GUESTS AT NEHRU'S RECEPTION



Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, and Shrimati Vijayalakshmi, photographed with the representatives of the Arab Countries at the reception held by the Prime Minister, recently, at New Delhi in honour of the delegates to the Delhi Conference on Indonesia. The picture shows from left to right: Mr. Isa Nakhleh (Yemen), H. E. Mohd. Ali Hamade, Leader of the Lebanon Delegation, the Hon'ble Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, Madama Kudi, wife of the Leader of the Syrian Delegation, H. E. Dr. Nazim el Kudsi, Leader of Syrian Delegation, the Hon'ble Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, His Excellency Kadi Mohammed of Amry, Leader of Yemen Delegation, Shrimati Vijayalakshmi, Mr. Mohammed Shami (Yemen) Mr. Jawdat el Mufti (Syria) and Mr. Henry Abu Fadil (Lebanon).

fers. The recommendations of the Commission may include provision for the economic well-being of the population of the areas involved in such transfers. The Commission shall, after consultation with the parties, recommend which if any Netherlands forces shall be retained temporarily in any area in order to assist in the maintenance of law and order. If either of the parties fails to accept the recommendations of the Commission mentioned in this paragraph, the Commission shall report immediately to the Security Council with its further recommendations for a solution of the difficulties.

SPECIAL PERIODIC REPORTS

G. The Commission shall render periodic reports to the Council, and special reports whenever the Commission deems necessary;

H. The Commission shall employ such observers, officers and other persons as it deems necessary;

5. Requests the Secretary General to make available to the Commission such staff, funds and other facilities as are required by the Commission for the discharge of its functions;

6. Calls upon the Government of the Netherlands and the Republic of Indonesia to co-operate fully in giving effect to the provisions of this resolution.—USIS.



Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad (extreme left) and Shrimati Vijayalakshmi, (second from right) photographed with His Excellency Dr. Nazim el Kudsi, Leader of the Syrian Delegation (extreme right), Madama Kudi and Dr. Jawdat el Mufti at a reception held at New Delhi recently.

Why State Congress Kept Off?

HYDERABAD (Dn.), Jan. 25 (UPI): The reason why Swami Ramanand Tirth and other office-bearers of the Hyderabad State Congress remained away from political reception arranged in honour of Mr. K. M. Munshi, former Agent-General for India in Hyderabad, has been available.

It transpires that Mr. Munshi had sent a telegram to Swami Ramanand Tirth that he would accept a reception in his honour if it was given to him by the State Congress under Swamiji. Subsequently when the State Congress came to learn that Mr. Munshi had accepted a similar invitation from the dissident group, they took the stand that either he should leave his political engagements in their hands or in those of the dissidents. As Mr. Munshi did not agree with the State Congress, Swamiji and other office-bearers of the State Congress kept aloof from all political functions in his honour.

As a courtesy, however, Swamiji and Dr. Melkote received Mr. Munshi on his arrival and saw him off when he left.

ATTACK ON DURBAN INDIANS PREMEDITATED

Dr. Dadoo On Malan Government's Attempts To Speed Up Repatriation Plan

LONDON, Jan. 25. (Reuter): Dr. Yusuf Mahomed Dadoo, President of the Transvaal Indian Congress, told a London Press Conference today that the recent Zulu attacks on Indians in Durban were deliberately instigated to weaken the growing unity between the two peoples, which was dangerous to Dr. Daniel Malan's Government.

"The riots were intended to create panic among the Indian traders, to make them feel they were living in danger of their lives and go back to India, thus assisting the Government to carry out its policy of repatriation," he said.

"The hands of the Malan Government are stained with the blood of the innocent men, women and children of Durban."

BLAME ON DR. MALAN
"The primary and main responsibility must rest fairly and squarely on the shoulders of the extremely reactionary and Fascist Government of Dr. Malan and his Nationalist Party," he said.

One cannot escape the conclusion that the outbreak bore the semblance of an organized attack; that it was premeditated, although something went wrong with the timing; that the hidden hand of instigators lurks behind the events; that such events eminently suited the Government in order to weaken the growing opposition to the Government policy and that it may be used as a weapon to impose further restriction and repression on both the Indian and the African people.

Dr. Dadoo summarised the causes of

the rioting as "the dire poverty and misery" of the African masses, the Government's "violent campaign of race hatred" and an anti-Indian campaign "let loose by Government spokesmen and the Nationalist Party."

RIFT AMONG WORKERS' RANKS
"There is no doubt," he added, "that this movement is inspired by quarters close to the Government."

Dr. Dadoo went on to allege that the Government Party "stopped at nothing to carry out its Fascist policy. It interfered in the Trade Union Movement in order to split the workers into White and non-White and the White workers in turn into African speaking and English speaking."

Dr. Dadoo praised the leaders of the Natal Indian Congress and the African organisations which acted jointly to quieten the situation and afford relief to the victims of the rioting.

Sympathetic Europeans and the Red Cross had earned the deepest gratitude of the non-Whites and all democracy-loving people.

THANKS TO INDIA
"In this hour of trial and tribulation, we are deeply grateful to the Government and people of India for their anxiety and their powerful expression of sympathy with the victims and readiness to help in every possible way."

The British public had shown deep concern, and in response to requests a committee to raise funds was being formed.

SYMBOL OF STRUGGLE AGAINST COLONIALISM

Negro Leader On New Delhi Conference

BOMBAY, Jan. 24 (UPI): "The Asian Conference has at last served one purpose, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru set up a stage where a morality play was shown, and it is this morality play which the world has seen, and which will arouse its moral conscience and make it line up on the side of justice," said Mr. Ruston, famous American Negro leader, in an interview to the United Press of India today.

Mr. Ruston said that the Conference marked the beginning of an organized movement against the stranglehold of Western imperialism in Asia. It was not only a revelation of the strength which moral force still has in the universe, but was also an indication that New Delhi had become one of the three chief centres in the world, he added.

"Let me make this clear," Mr. Ruston continued, "After the French Revolution, Paris became the political centre of the Western world. Moscow, after the Revolution in 1917, became the Mecca of all those who hungered for economic justice and social equality. Delhi, after the Second World War, has become the centre and the symbol of a great moral struggle against racialism and colonialism."

Giving his impressions of India during the brief period he has been here, Mr. Ruston said that he was, rather, diffident because he had not been in the country long enough to form any definite judgments. "Yet the fact remains," he conceded, "that the sooner a strong opposition develops the better it will be for India and for the Congress. It is impossible for democracy to function effectively in the absence of an opposition which is free to speak without any fear of punishment."

Bombay Sales Tax On Exportable Goods

BOMBAY, Tuesday.
Sales tax will be levied on articles, intended for export out of the Province, which are now exempt from the tax, according to a budget proposal of the Bombay Government, it is learnt. It is pointed out in this connection that in Madras, Bihar and other provinces the tax is imposed on exportable goods.

An amending bill to enlarge the scope of the Sales Tax Act will accordingly be introduced in the forthcoming Budget Session of the Provincial Legislative Assembly, it is further understood.

In the last financial year the total revenue from sales tax was estimated to be about Rs. 4 crores and it is envisaged that the widening of the scope of the Sales Act will net in about Rs. 6 crores during the current year.

261,000 TONS OF BURMA RICE FOR INDIA

RANGOON, Jan. 24 (Reuter): Burmese, British and Indian food representatives met in Rangoon today to discuss the 1949 price for Burma rice. The price of Burma rice was £ 38 a ton (free on board) in 1948. "It was understood that the Burmese Government want the 1949 price lifted to above £ 40 a ton."

Air Commodore E. L. Ridley and Mr. L. E. Wintersgill, represent British interest in the talks. The Minister of Agriculture, Thakin Tin, heads the Burmese team. Burma's rice export quota for the first half of the current year is 800,000 tons. It was authoritatively learned that of this 261,000 tons have been allotted to India.

"NO REASON FOR POSTAL STRIKE"

Almost All Demands Under Consideration, Says Kidwai

MADRAS, January 25 (A.P.I.): India's Communication Minister, Mr. Rafi Ahmed Kidwai, said here today that he "found no reason for postal employees to resort to a strike when almost all their demands were already under the consideration of the Government."

Mr. Kidwai made this remark at a press interview soon after his arrival when he was asked about the recent strike ballot taken by the postal employees. Representatives of the postal workers including Mr. V. G. Dalvi had already met him in this connection, Mr. Kidwai said.

NEW TELEPHONE FACTORY
Mr. Kidwai is on his way to Bangalore where he will inspect the new telephone factory and also the Hindustan Aircraft Factory. "The work of construction of the new telephone factory, he said, was going ahead side by side with the assembly of telephone machinery. He said the factory would start manufacturing certain parts this year itself, and will be able to start production in full swing in five years' time."

Referring to air service, the Communications Minister disclosed that two companies have already applied for licences for Madras-Delhi air route via Bezwada and Jubbulpore in place of Jupiter Airways. Decan Airways had also applied for providing a link connection at Nagpur for Bezwada as they were not having sufficient traffic in their present route.

NIGHT-FLYING SERVICE
Mr. Kidwai stated that the Government would start from 1st February night-flying of planes carrying airmails and passengers. The service would link up all big cities like Delhi, Calcutta, Bombay and Madras with Nagpur as the sub-station. This arrangement, he said, would facilitate expeditious delivery of air mails.

Asked whether the Government proposed to take over railways in states, which had acceded to the Union, Mr. Kidwai stated that he had not known of any such proposal. He however, said that under the new constitution, the Government could take over state railways by passing legislation in the Central Legislature.

Mr. Kidwai will return to Madras on January 28.

British Locomotives For Baroda Railway

NEW DELHI, Jan. 25 (A.P.I.): The Baroda State Railway has placed an order with the British Firm of W. G. Bagnall, Ltd., for ten "2b" class, 2 feet 6 inches gauge locomotives, reports "British Engineering" monthly magazine.

An earlier order received from the same railway company was for seven "A" class, meter-gauge locos. Four "W" class, 2 feet 6 inches locos ordered previously by the same company have been completed and despatched to India.

British Survey Experts For Nepal
BOMBAY, Jan. 25. (A.P.I.): A team of photographers and survey experts who are to survey Nepal from an altitude of 25,000 feet, arrived in Ahmedabad this morning from London via Karachi. The party later left for Allahabad en route to Calcutta.

This team of experts, which has undertaken the survey, for the air survey company of India, carried on board of their special Dakota, several modern types of air cameras, processing machines and mapping apparatus.

MUTT AND JEFF—Just A bout As Plain As A Last Year's Road Map

